USER MANUAL

OmniPoint ™

Universal Transmitter

Honeywell

CONTENTS

Chapter 1 - Introduction 5

1.1 Product Description 5

1.2 Safety 6

1.3 Certifications and Approvals 8

Chapter 2 - Hardware 9

2.1 What's in a Full System Box 9

2.2 Transmitter overview 10

2.3 Sensor & Local Hart Interface 12

2.3.1 Sensor Specifications 13

2.3.2 EC Sensor Cross Sensitivity 14

2.3.3 Sensors Warm Up Time 15

2.3.4 Sensor Module Distances 16

Chapter 3 - Installation 18

3.1 Mounting the Transmitter 18

3.2 Wiring the Transmitter 20

3.2.1 General Wiring Considerations 22

3.2.2 Transmitter Distances 24

3.2.3 Sensor wiring For Terminal Block 2 (TB2) 29

3.2.4 Sensor Wiring 30

3.2.5 Optima Wiring 30

3.2.6 Remote reset connection and remote distance 32

3.3 Relays 34

3.3.1 Relay Settings 35

3.4 4-20mA Output, Common Connections, and Power Settings 36

Chapter 4 - Device Operation 37

4.1 User interface overview 37

4.1.1 Light Ring 38

4.1.2 Main Menu options 38

4.2 Initial Setup 39

4.3 Calibration 40

4.3.1 Zero Calibration 40
4.3.2 Span Calibration 42
4.3.3 Zero and Span Calibration for XP/XPIS Sensors 44
4.3.4 Cross Calibration for XP Combustible Gas Sensor 44
4.4 Bump Test 48
4.5 Reset Alarm 49
4.6 Settings 50
4.6.1 General 50
4.6.2 Sensors 50
4.6.3 Inhibit & Fault 51
4.6.4 HART (FSK) Communication 52
4.6.5 MODBUS RTU Communication 52
4.6.6 Security 52
4.7 View Information 54
4.8 Channel Setting 56
4.9 Inhibit 58
4.10 Transmitter Menu Navigation 59
Chapter 5 - Maintenance 60
5.1 Maintenance Menu 60
5.2 Replace an XPIS sensor 61
5.3 Replace an XP sensor 62
5.4 Replace an Optima sensor 63
Chapter 6 - Additional Info 64
6.1 Modbus Register Map 64
6.2 Warning Information 68
6.3 Fault Information 69
6.4 Information messages 70
6.5 Technical Specifications 72
6.6 HART 74
6.6.1 Local HART Module 74
6.6.2 Device Specific Command-List 76

6.7 Ordering 77
Chapter 7 - Mobile App 79
7.1 Install the OmniPoint App 79
7.2 Sign Up 80
7.3 Register a Device & Company 81
7.4 Bluetooth Pairing 82
7.5 Mobile App Menu Navigation 83
7.6 Bluetooth Hardware and Wiring 84
7.7 Security Guide 85
7.8 Contact Us 86

CHAPTER

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Product Description

The OmniPoint™ transmitter is a comprehensive gas detection solution designed to operate in hazardous locations and support multiple sensors in detecting toxic, oxygen, and flammable gas hazards. OmniPoint utilizes multiple sensor technologies to meet diverse gas detection challenges in various global industries. Full color, touch key interface, and optional Bluetooth-enabled operation make setup and maintenance intuitive. Support for up to three sensors makes OmniPoint flexible and scalable to meet your safety requirements.

1.2 Safety

WARNING

RISK OF IGNITION OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Install in accordance with local electrical codes.
- Follow the warnings and requirements on the junction box for proper seals in the conduit as required.
- To reduce the risk of ignition in hazardous atmospheres, conduit runs must have a seal fitting connected within 18in. of the enclosure (Only for XPIS Sensor).
- Do not open in an explosive atmosphere.
- Do not open or separate when energized.
- Potential electrostatic charging hazard.

RISK OF ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE

- Clean the product only with a damp cloth.

RISK OF EXPLOSION

- High off-scale readings may indicate an explosive gas concentration

CAUTION

RISK OF IGNITION

- To reduce the risk of ignition in hazardous atmospheres, disconnect the equipment from the supply circuit before opening the enclosure. Keep tightly closed when in operation.
- **Intrinsic safety-related circuits are limited to overvoltage category III or less.**

RISK OF INJURY, IMPROPER OPERATION, EQUIPMENT DAMAGE, AND INVALIDATION OF WARRANTY

- Install in accordance with local electrical codes.
- Relevant standards must be followed to maintain the overall certification of the detector.
- Only use with Honeywell replacement parts and accessories.
- Never open system devices under power unless the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- The internal grounding terminal shall be used as the equipment grounding means. The external terminal is only a supplemental bonding connection where local authorities permit or require it.
- Periodic checks are recommended to verify the safety and integrity of the system.
- For optimal performance, periodically zero the sensor in a normal atmosphere (20.9% v/v O2) that is free of hazardous gases.
- As some test gases are hazardous, exhaust the flow housing outlet to a safe area.
- All unused and used cable/conduit entries must be sealed with a suitable certified sealing plug and cable gland.
- Use only certified 3/4" or M25 cable glands for installation.
- Use copper conductors only.

Special conditions for safe use of the local HART interface intrinsically safe circuits:

- The flameproof joints are not intended to be repaired.
- The device does not meet the 500V rms dielectric requirement between the IS circuit and the earth.
- For installations in which both the Ci and Li of the intrinsically safe apparatus exceed 1% of the Co and Lo parameters of the associated apparatus (excluding the cable), then 50% of Co and Lo parameters are applicable and shall not be exceeded, i.e., the Ci of the device plus the C of the cable must be less than or equal to 50% of the Co of the associated apparatus. The Li of the device plus the L of the cable must be less than or equal to 50% of the Lo of the associated apparatus.
- For circuits connected to the HART interface in which the capacitance and inductance exceed 1% of the permitted values, the maximum allowed capacitance is limited to 600nF for group IIC and 1uF for group IIC.
- The connection to the HART circuit shall be rated at least IP 6X.
- Only wipe the enclosure and window with a soft, damp cloth.

1.3 Certifications and Approvals

Hazardous Area Approvals (Transmitter/Sensor Dependent)

UL cUL classified: UL 1203, UL 913, UL 61010-1, CSA C22.2 No. 25, CSA C22.2 No. 30, CSA C22.2 No. 60079-0, CSA C22.2 No. 60079-11, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12;

Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, & D T5;

Class II, Division 1, Groups F & G T4A

EU Directive 2012/19/EU: Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) This symbol indicates that the product must not be disposed of as general industrial or domestic waste. This product should be disposed of through suitable WEEE disposal facilities. For more information about the disposal of this product, contact your authority, distributor, or manufacturer.

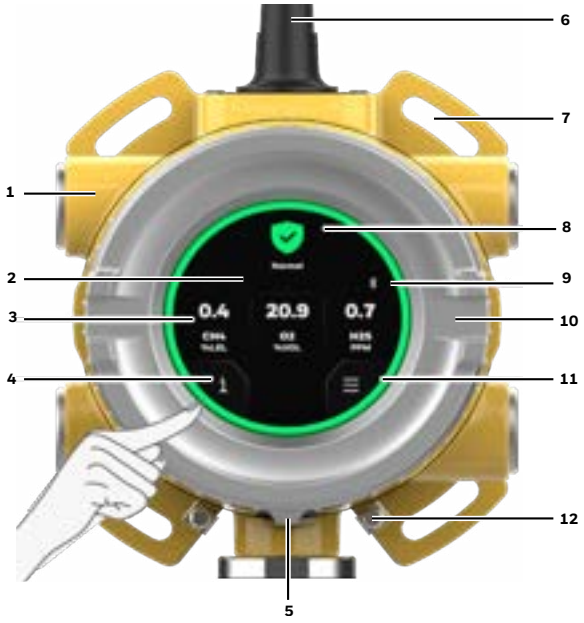
CHAPTER

2 HARDWARE

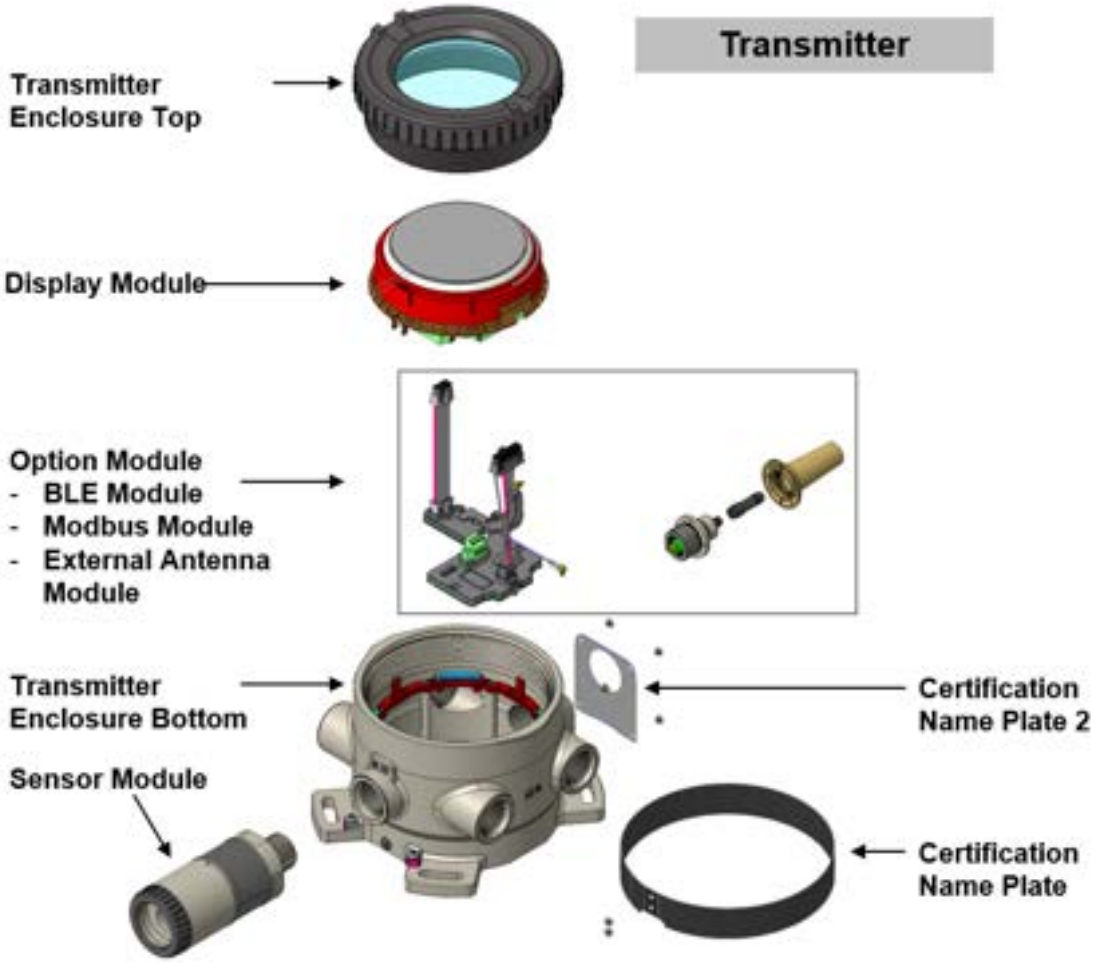
2.1 What's in a Full System Box

1 Quick Reference Guide	3 Terminal blocks	1 Screwdriver
1 M22 plug or BLE (optional)	1 Calibration Cap	1 Allen Wrench
3 Plugs 3/4" NPT or M25	1 Transmitter	

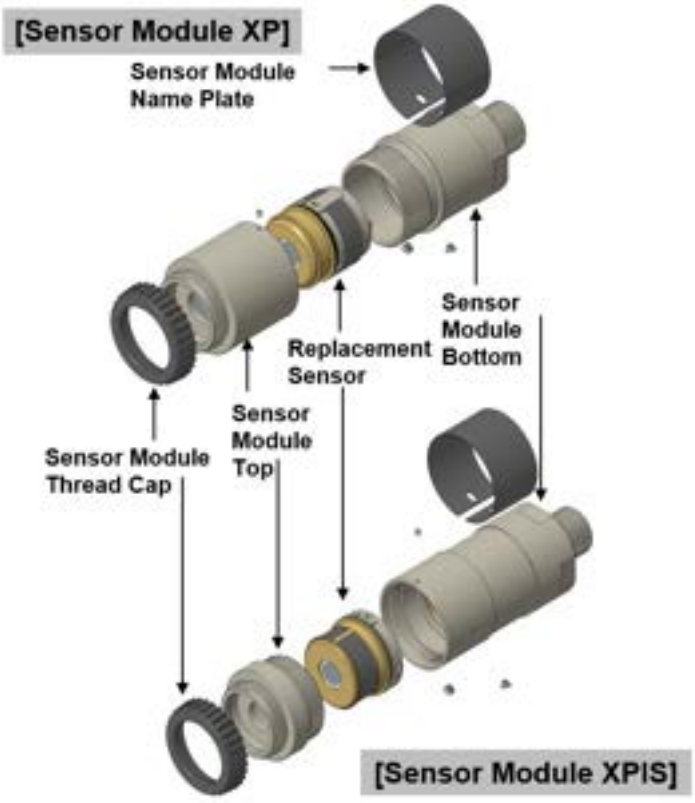
2.2 Transmitter overview



1	Five M25 or 3/4"NPT entries (Antenna port excluded).	2	Full-color TFT LCD with four touch keys.
3	Gas Readings, Gas type, Unit.	4	Information menu: Event history, Calibration history, System Date and Time, Channel.
5	Top enclosure set screw.	6	Bluetooth Antenna (optional).
7	Elliptical racetrack-screw holes to maximize the fit of four M8 screws.	8	The LED light and icon show the transmitter's current status.
9	Display indicator icons: -Installed option module icons. -Calibration/bump overdue icons. -Sensor changed icon.	10	Ergonomic bevel and curved design for a more straightforward operation.
11	Main menu: Test & Calibration, Settings, Maintenance, Inhibit.	12	Earth/ground point.


Transmitter
Transmitter Enclosure Top
Display Module
Option Module
- BLE Module
- Modbus Module
- External Antenna Module
Transmitter Enclosure Bottom
Sensor Module
Certification Name Plate 2
Certification Name Plate

2.3 Sensor & Local Hart Interface



2.3.1 Sensor Specifications

XPIS sensor

Sensor type	Gas	Cartridge P/N	Selectable Full Scale Range	Default Range	Resolution	Lower Detectable Limit (LDL)	Lowest AlarmLevel (LAL)	Default Alarm 1 Level	Alarm 1 Type	Default Alarm 2 Level	Alarm 2 Type	Primary Cal Gas	Selectable Cal Gas Range	Default Cal Point	*Response time (T50) sec	*Response time (T90) sec*	**Accuracy (Reading or % of applied gas which is the greater)	Operating Temperature
NH3	Ammonia	OPT-R1S-AM1	50 to 200 ppm	200 ppm	1 ppm	6 ppm	20 ppm	50 ppm	Rising	100 ppm	Rising	Ammonia	30 to 70% of selected range	100 ppm	< 30	< 180	< ±10 ppm or ±20%	-20 to +40 °C / -4 to 104 °F
NH3 (High)	Ammonia	OPT-R1S-AM2	200 to 1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1 ppm	30 ppm	100 ppm	200 ppm	Rising	500 ppm	Rising	Ammonia	30 to 70% of selected range	500 ppm	< 30	< 180	< ±50 ppm or ±20%	-20 to +40 °C / -4 to 104 °F
CO	Carbon Monoxide	OPT-R1S-CO1	100 to 500 ppm	300 ppm	1 ppm	5 ppm	15 ppm	100 ppm	Rising	200 ppm	Rising	Carbon Monoxide	30 to 70% of selected range	100 ppm	< 10	< 20	< ±25 ppm or ±20%	-40 to +55 °C / -40 to 131 °F
Cl2	Chlorine	OPT-R1S-CL1	5.00 ppm (Fixed)	5.00 ppm	0.01 ppm	0.15 ppm	0.50 ppm	1.00 ppm	Rising	2.00 ppm	Rising	Chlorine	30 to 70% of selected range	2.00 ppm	< 20	< 60	< ±0.25 ppm or ±20%	-20 to +55 °C / -4 to 131 °F
H2S	Hydrogen Sulphide	OPT-R1S-HS1	10.0 to 50.0 ppm	15.0 ppm	0.1 ppm	1.0 ppm	3.0 ppm	5.0 ppm	Rising	10.0 ppm	Rising	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 to 70% of selected range	10.0 ppm	< 10	< 20	< ±2.5 ppm or ±20%	-40 to +65 °C / -40 to 149 °F
H2S (High)	Hydrogen Sulphide	OPT-R1S-HS2	50 to 500 ppm	100 ppm	1 ppm	1 ppm	5 ppm	20 ppm	Rising	50 ppm	Rising	Hydrogen Sulphide	30 to 70% of selected range	50 ppm	< 10	< 20	< ±25 ppm or ±20%	-40 to +65 °C / -40 to 149 °F
O2	Oxygen	OPT-R1S-OX1	25.0 %vol (Fixed)	25.0 %vol	0.1 %vol	0.2 %vol	5.0 %vol	23.5 %vol	Rising	19.5 %vol	Falling	Oxygen	20.9 %vol (Fixed)	20.9 %vol	T20 : < 10	< 15	< ±0.5 %Vol	-40 to +60 °C / -40 to 140 °F
SO2	Sulphur Dioxide	OPT-R1S-SO1	5.0 to 20.0 ppm	15.0 ppm	0.1 ppm	0.6 ppm	2.0 ppm	5.0 ppm	Rising	10.0 ppm	Rising	Sulphur Dioxide	30 to 70% of selected range	5.0 ppm	< 10	< 20	< ±1 ppm or ±20%	-40 to +65 °C / -40 to 149 °F

XP sensor

Sensor type	Gas	Cartridge P/N	Selectable Full Scale Range	Default Range	Resolution	Lower Detectable Limit	Lowest AlarmLevel (LAL)	Default Alarm 1 Level	Alarm 1 Type	Default Alarm 2 Level	Alarm 2 Type	Primary Cal Gas	Selectable Cal Gas Range	Default Cal Point	*Response time (T50) sec	*Response time (T90) sec	**Accuracy (Reading or % of applied gas which is the greater)	Operating Temperature
FL CAT	Flammables	OPT-R1X-FL1 (UL) OPT-R1X-FL2 (ATEX)	20 to 100 %LEL	100 %LEL	1 %LEL	3 %LEL	5 %LEL	20 %LEL	Rising	50 %LEL	Rising	Methane	30 to 70% of selected range	50 %LEL	< 20	< 60	< ±10%FS or ±20%	-40 to +75 °C / -40 to 167 °F
CH4 IR - LEL	Methane	OPT-R1X-ME1 (UL) OPT-R1X-ME2 (ATEX)	20 to 100 %LEL	100 %LEL	1 %LEL	3 %LEL	5 %LEL	20 %LEL	Rising	50 %LEL	Rising	Methane	30 to 70% of selected range	50 %LEL	< 20	< 60	< ±10%FS or ±20%	-40 to +75 °C / -40 to 167 °F
C3H8 IR - LEL	Propane	OPT-R1X-PR1 (UL) OPT-R1X-PR2 (ATEX)	20 to 100 %LEL	100 %LEL	1 %LEL	3 %LEL	5 %LEL	20 %LEL	Rising	50 %LEL	Rising	Propane	30 to 70% of selected range	50 %LEL	< 20	< 60	< ±10%FS or ±20%	-40 to +75 °C / -40 to 167 °F

Notes:

* Response time was measured at room temperature.

** The accuracy was measured above -20cc of operating temperature. The accuracy for operation between -20°C and -40°C was ±30% applied.

***Typically standard temperature range for EC sensors is -20°C to +55°C. -20°C to +40°C for Ammonia sensors.

****Extended temperature ranges for EC sensors are -40°C to -20°C and +55 to +65°C.

*****Operating the EC sensors at extended temperature ranges for a prolonged period exceeding 12 hours may cause deterioration in sensor performance and shorter sensor life.

2.3.2 EC Sensor Cross Sensitivity

Gas type	Part number	Gas Type Applied	Concentration	Unit	Reading	Unit
NH3 (Low range)	OPT-R1S-AM1	Alcohols	1000	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Carbon Monoxide	100	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Chlorine	5	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Nitrogen Dioxide	10	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Sulfur Dioxide	20	ppm	-40	ppm NH3
		Hydrogen	3000	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Hydrogen Sulfide	20	ppm	20	ppm NH3
NH3 (High range)	OPT-R1S-AM2	Alcohols	1000	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Carbon Monoxide	100	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Chlorine	5	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Nitrogen Dioxide	10	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Sulfur Dioxide	20	ppm	-40	ppm NH3
		Hydrogen	3000	ppm	0	ppm NH3
		Hydrogen Sulfide	20	ppm	20	ppm NH3
CO	OPT-R1S-CO1	Acetone	1000	ppm	0	ppm CO
		Acetylene	40	ppm	80	ppm CO
		Ammonia	100	ppm	0	ppm CO
		Carbon Monoxide	100	ppm	100	ppm CO
		Chlorine	2	ppm	0	ppm CO
		Ethanol	2000	ppm	3	ppm CO
		Ethylene	100	ppm	85	ppm CO
		Hydrogen	100	ppm	20	ppm CO
		Hydrogen Sulfide	25	ppm	0	ppm CO
		Iso-Propanol	200	ppm	0	ppm CO
		Nitrogen Monoxide	50	ppm	8	ppm CO
		Nitrogen Dioxide	800	ppm	20	ppm CO
		Sulfur Dioxide	50	ppm	0.5	ppm CO
Cl2 (Low range)	OPT-R1S-CL1	Carbon Dioxide	20000	ppm	0	ppm Cl2
		Hydrogen Chloride	9	ppm	1.25	ppm Cl2
		Hydrogen Sulfide	25	ppm	-16.3	ppm Cl2
		Nitrogen Dioxide	50	ppm	1.25 (transient)	ppm Cl2
		Sulfur Dioxide	50	ppm	9.1	ppm Cl2
H2S (Low range)	OPT-R1S-HS1	Ammonia	50	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Carbon Monoxide	100	ppm	<2	ppm H2S
		Carbon Dioxide	5000	ppm	1	ppm H2S
		Chlorine	0.5	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Ethylene	100	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Hydrogen	100	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Hydrogen Sulfide	10	ppm	10	ppm H2S
		Nitrogen Monoxide	25	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Nitrogen Dioxide	3	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Sulfur Dioxide	2	ppm	0	ppm H2S
H2S (High range)	OPT-R1S-HS2	Ammonia	50	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Carbon Monoxide	100	ppm	<2	ppm H2S
		Carbon Dioxide	5000	ppm	1	ppm H2S
		Chlorine	0.5	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Ethylene	100	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Hydrogen	100	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Hydrogen Sulfide	10	ppm	10	ppm H2S
		Nitrogen Monoxide	25	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Nitrogen Dioxide	3	ppm	0	ppm H2S
		Sulfur Dioxide	2	ppm	0	ppm H2S
O2	OPT-R1S-OX1	Carbon Dioxide	1	%vol	Enhance O2 reading by 0.3	%vol O2
		Hydrogen	100	%vol	-9	%vol O2
		Methane	100	%vol	No response	%vol O2
		Nitrogen Dioxide	25	%vol	No response	%vol O2
SO2 (Low range)	OPT-R1S-SO1	Carbon Monoxide	300	ppm	<3	ppm SO2
		Hydrogen Sulfide	15	ppm	0	ppm SO2
		Nitrogen Monoxide	35	ppm	0	ppm SO2
		Nitrogen Dioxide	5	ppm	~-5	ppm SO2

2.3.3 Sensors Warm Up Time

CAUTION

RISK OF MALFUNCTION

- Before initial calibration, allow the sensor to stabilize for 30 minutes after applying power. In the Zero and Span Calibration modes, the current output from the sensor is inhibited (default 2mA) to avoid false alarms.

Sensor	OmniPoint Max. warm up time (secs)
NH_3	180
NH_3 (high)	180
CO	60
Cl_2	60
H_2S	60
H_2S (high)	60
O_2	1800
SO_2	60
FL-CAT	60
CH_4-IR	60
C_3H_8	60

2.3.4 Sensor Module Distances

The maximum resistance in the field cable is calculated as follows:

R loop = (V controller –V drop max - V detector min) / I detector

Example 1 — *Configuration of OmniPoint with EC sensors (detector):*

The controller is supplying a minimal 12 Vdc (V controller), the maximum internal drop voltage between the Transmitter and Sensor module is 2.92 Vdc (V drop max), the detector minimum allowable voltage is 9 Vdc (V detector min), the maximum permissible voltage drop between the controller and detector is 0.08Vdc; this means a voltage drop of 0.04 Vdc in each core.

The detector consumes 0.3 Watts of power. The current required to drive the detector at the minimum voltage is (I = P / V), 0.3 / 9 = 34 mA (I detector).

So, the maximum field cable loop resistance (R loop) = 0.08 / 0.034 = 2.3 Ω, or 1.15 Ω per core (allowing for component variations, losses, etc.).

The following chart shows the maximum cable distances between the Transmitter and Sensor module for a 0.25 mm2 (24 AWG*) to 1.5 mm2 (16 AWG*) core cable. The tables are examples only, and the application's actual cable parameters and source power supply voltage should be used to calculate the maximum cable distance allowed at the installation site.

Example2 — *Configuration of OmniPoint with catalytic sensors (detector):*

The controller supplies a nominal 24 Vdc (V controller). The maximum internal drop voltage between the Transmitter and Sensor module is 2.92 Vdc (V drop max). The detector's minimum allowable voltage is 9 Vdc (V detector min). The maximum permissible voltage drop between the controller and detector is 12.08 Vdc; this means a voltage drop of 6.04 Vdc in each core.

The power consumption of the detector is 1.7 Watts. The current required to drive the detector at the minimum voltage is (I = P / V), 1.7 / 9 = 189 mA (I detector).

So, the maximum field cable loop resistance (R loop) = 12.08 / 0.189 = 62 Ω, or 31 Ω per core (allowing for component variations, losses, etc.).

However, The maximum allowable R loop of the Sensor module is 44 Ω or 22 Ω per core.

The following chart shows the maximum cable distances between the Transmitter and Sensor module for a 0.25 mm2 (24 AWG*) to 1.5 mm2 (16 AWG*) core cable. The tables are examples only, and the application's actual cable parameters and source power supply voltage should be used to calculate the maximum cable distance allowed at the installation site.

		Sensor Module Distances: 12 Vdc supply		Sensor Module Distances: 24 Vdc supply	
AWG	Metric Wire Gauge (mm^2)	EC Sensors (distance in meters)	FL and IR Sensors (distance in meters)	EC Sensors (distance in meters)	FL and IR Sensors (distance in meters)
24	0.25	13 (42 ft.)	2 (6 ft.)	260 (853 ft.)	260 (853 ft.)
22		21 (68 ft.)	4 (13 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)
20	0.5	34 (111 ft.)	6 (19 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)
18		54 (177 ft.)	10 (32 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)
16	1.5	87 (285 ft.)	16 (52 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)	300 (984 ft.)

- The maximum allowable distance is 300 m (984 ft.)

- The maximum allowable R loop is 44 Ω or 22 Ω per core

*nearest equivalent

NOTE: Sufficient operational margins should be allowed.

OmniPoint sensor module Wiring Recommendations

When wiring the OmniPoint transmitter and OmniPoint sensor module for remote applications, the general recommendations of the ANSI/TIA/EIA-485-A standard must be adhered to with the following additions:

- When mounting the OmniPoint sensor module, run wiring connections between each Sensor module and the transmitter in a dedicated separate conduit.
- Honeywell recommends that the OmniPoint sensor module and the OmniPoint transmitter be wired to the building ground. The system should be grounded at one point only.

OmniPoint sensor module Cable length

Individually shielded twisted pair cable is the recommended wiring practice, in single-pair or multi-pair varieties. Unshielded cables may be used for short distances if ambient noise and cross-talk will not affect communication.

In most installations, the theoretical limit for remote sensor module communication is 300m or more.

However, the cable's electrical characteristics (mostly capacitance) and the combination of connected devices can affect the maximum allowable cable length of the remote sensor module.

So, sufficient operational margins should be allowed.

CHAPTER

3 INSTALLATION

3.1 Mounting the Transmitter

The transmitter can be attached to flat wall surfaces of various types or pipes using the optional Pipe Mount Kit.

Wall

Vertical pipe

Horizontal pipe

The pipe mount kit allows the transmitter to be mounted to pipes from 2” –6” (50-140mm) in diameter. It includes the pipe mount bracket, carriage bolts, nuts, and lock washers.

 Pipe Mount Bracket	 Short Bolt Carriage Bolt 5/16”-18, L4.25”, SUS Mcmaster 92356A312	 Long Bolt Carriage Bolt 5/16”-18, L7”, Zinc-Plated Steel Mcmaster 90185A231
 Washer Flat washer 5/16” screw size, SUS Mcmaster 92141A030	 Nut Hex nut 5/16”-18, SUS Mcmaster 92673A119	 Split lock washer 5/16", SUS Mcmaster 92146A030

The transmitter is configured with five cable/conduit ports built into the housing for wiring and mounting sensors. For relay wiring, please refer to the User Manual.

Drill 4X holes corresponding to the appropriate hardware from the following chart.

Mounting hardware			
Mounting surface	Example part	Description	Drill bit size
Drywall, plaster, wood paneling	McMaster-Carr 97121A043 (Quantity: 4 each) In the case of McMaster-Carr 90107A029 (Quantity: 4 each)	Rounded Head Toggle Bolt • Thread 1/4in – 20 • Length 3in • 2-1/8in Wing-Span Toggle • Pull-out Strength: 50lbs/ Shear Strength: 50 lbs 316 Stainless Steel Washer • For screw 1/4in • ID 0.281in / OD 0.625in / Thickness 0.043in-0.057in	5/8in
Concrete	McMaster-Carr 97083A210 (Quantity: 4 each) And McMaster-Carr 90272A540 (Quantity: 4 each) In case McMaster-Carr 90107A029 (Quantity: 4 each)	Steel Female-Threaded Anchor for Concrete • Thread 1/4in – 20 • Length 1in • Pull-out Strength: 495 lbs / Shear Strength: 530lbs Zinc-Plated Steel Pan Head Phillips Screw • Thread 1/4in – 20, Length 3/4in 316 Stainless Steel Washer • For screw 1/4in • ID 0.281in / OD 0.625in / Thickness 0.043in-0.057in	3/8in

3.2 Wiring the Transmitter

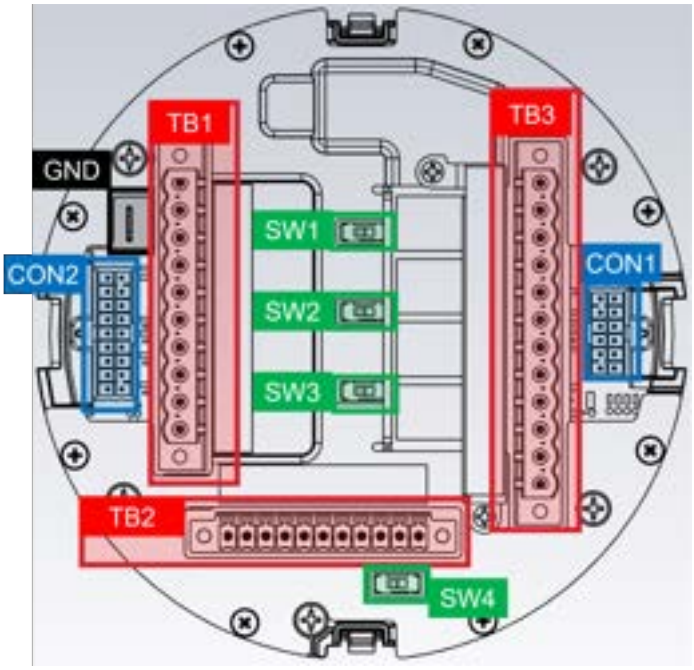
WARNING

RISK OF RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE

The sensor must be earthed/grounded for intrinsic safety, electrical safety and to limit the effects of radio frequency interference. Earth/ground points are provided inside and outside the unit. EMI note for applications using shielded cable: Cable shield must provide 90% of wiring coverage. Cable shield terminations must be made at the cable glands with suitable EMI-type glands. Avoid terminating cable shields at the Earth ground lug inside the OmniPoint enclosure. In cases where wiring is in a pipe, a shielded cable is not required.

The internal grounding terminal shall be used as the primary equipment ground. The external terminal is only a supplemental bonding connection where authorities permit or require such a connection.

Display Module Overview



	Description	How to Connect
TB1	Power and mA Output	Pluggable terminal block 12 to 28AWG (2.5 to 0.5mm2)
TB2	Sensor Inputs	Pluggable terminal block 14 to 28AWG (2.0 to 0.5mm2)
TB3	Relays	Pluggable terminal block 12 to 28AWG (2.5 to 0.5mm2)
CON1	Optional wireless communications	Customized wiring harness. Provided by Honeywell
CON2	Optional digital communications	Customized wiring harness. Provided by Honeywell
SW1	To configure the isolated mA output of Channel 1	N/A
SW2	To configure the isolated mA output of Channel 2	N/A
SW3	To configure the isolated mA output of Channel 3	N/A
SW4	To configure mA input mode, sink or source	N/A
GND	To internal ground lug	Customized wiring harness. Provided by Honeywell

3.2.1 General Wiring Considerations

For proper operation of the OmniPoint Transmitter and sensor technologies, consideration of wiring-induced voltage drops, transient electrical noise, and dissimilar earth ground potentials is imperative in the design and installation of the system.

EMI NOTE FOR APPLICATIONS USING SHIELDED CABLE: Cable shield must provide 90% wiring coverage. Cable shield terminations must be made at the cable glands with suitable EMI-type glands. Avoid terminating cable shields at the earth-ground lug inside the OmniPoint enclosure.

Loading

When wiring for DC power and a 4-20mA signal, remote wiring to sensors must be sized sufficiently to provide adequate voltages for the line length and the loads used.

Isolation

Isolating power and signal-carrying conductors is recommended.

Circuit Protection

Supply circuits must provide over-current protection. Class 2 power supplies are required for 24 volt DC supplies. Consider inrush current when specifying any DC supply. The power supply range is 12 to 32 VDc for EC, catalytic, and IR versions and 18 to 32 VDc for Searchpoint Optima Plus.

Loads

High inrush or inductive loads may affect the transmitter's performance. For best reliability, use resistive loads only.

Power Source Selection

For each type of installation, the selection of a power supply is essential. Power supplies are rated by voltage and power. The nominal voltage for all Omnipoint transmitters is 24Vdc, with the energy required depending on the number of points using the same power supply.

Module	Maximum Power Consumption [W]
Transmitter	8.5
XPIS (EC) sensor	0.3
XP (catalytic or IR) sensor	1.7
Optima Plus sensor	4.5

As a general guideline, the power supply should be capable of providing more power than is required by the installation. A 10-watt power supply is fine for a single OmniPoint with Toxic sensor (8.8 watts (8.5 + 0.3) required, see the following table) but is inadequate for a single OmniPoint with SearchPoint Optima Plus (13 watts required).

To determine the wattage required, add the maximum power requirements of all the points that will share the power supply. For example, consider a system with two OmniPoint transmitters with catalytic sensors (8.8 watts each) and one OmniPoint with SearchPoint Optima Plus (13 watts). A 32-watt power supply would probably handle this installation, but a 35-watt one would be better.

Wire Selection

The type of wire used for connections influences the distance of the installation. This is because some voltage is lost in the wire to the transmitter.

Thinner wire (i.e., 18 AWG) will lose more voltage than thicker wire (i.e., 12 AWG). The voltage lost depends on how much power is drawn through the wire; more power means more loss. If too much voltage is lost in the wiring, there may not be enough at the distant point to allow the transmitter to operate.

3.2.2 Transmitter Distances

Use the following chart for installations with dedicated wiring between the transmitter and the power supply. These distances assume the stranded wire is used. If multiple transmitters use the same power supply, ensure the power supply wattage rating is high enough to power all transmitters simultaneously.

The maximum resistance in the field cable is calculated as follows:

R loop = (V controller – V detector min) / I detector

Configuration example: *OmniPoint with two catalytic sensors and Optima Plus.*

The controller supplies a nominal 24 Vdc (V controller), and the detector's minimum allowable voltage is 18 Vdc (V detector min); therefore, the maximum permissible voltage drop between the controller and detector is 6 Vdc. This means a voltage drop of 3 V in each core (V+ core and V—core).

The detector consumes 17.0 Watts of power. The current required to drive the detector at the minimum voltage is (I = P / V), 17.0 / 18 = 945 mA (I detector).

So, the maximum field cable loop resistance (R loop) = 6 / 0.945 = 6 Ω, or 3 Ω per core (allowing for component variations, losses, etc.).

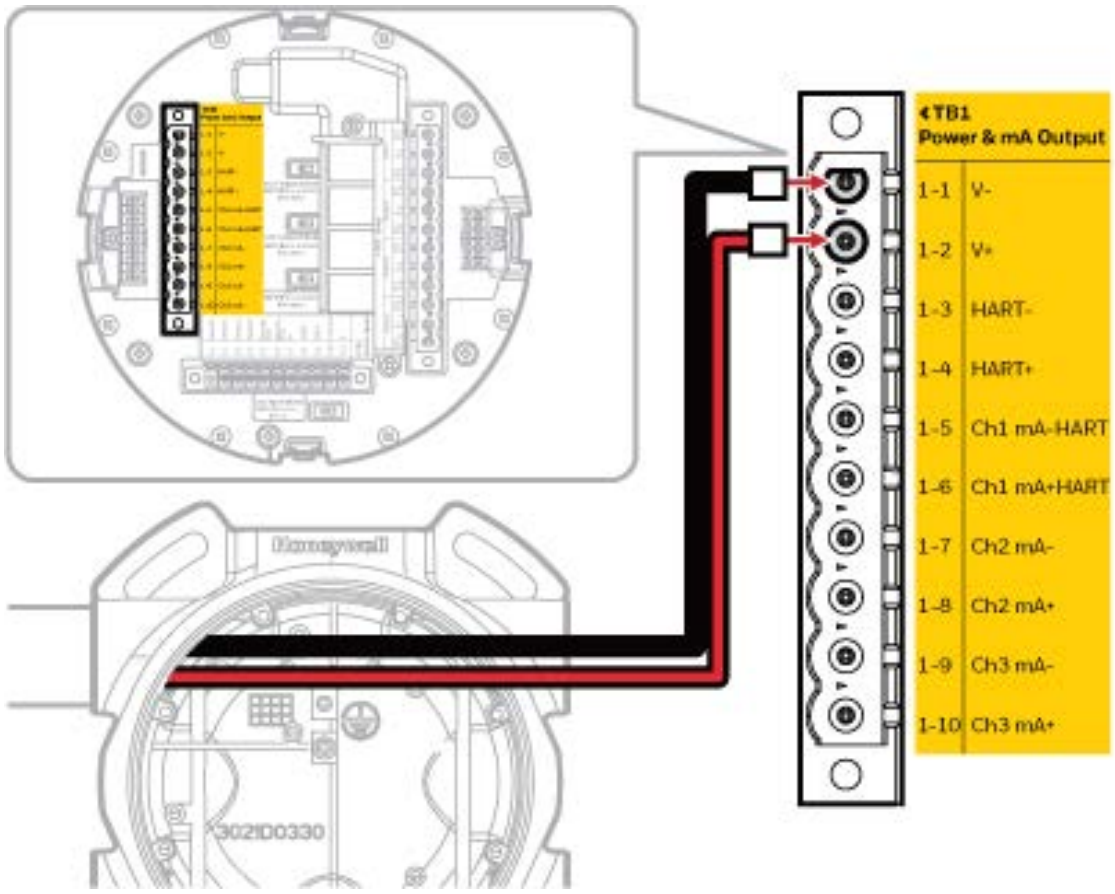
The following chart shows the maximum cable distances between the controller and OmniPoint for a 1.0 mm2 (18 AWG*) to 3.5 mm2 (12 AWG*) core cable for different termination unit options, assuming a voltage drop of 3 V in each core. The tables are examples only, and the application's actual cable parameters and source power supply voltage should be used to calculate the maximum cable distance allowed at the installation site.

Single Transmitter Distances: 24 Vdc supply				
Configuration	18 AWG [1.0 mm2]	16 AWG [1.5 mm2]	14 AWG [2.0 mm2]	12 AWG [3.5 mm2]
Omnipoint with XPIS (EC) 2ea and Searchpoint Optima Plus	557 feet [170 meters]	918 feet [280 meters]	1476 feet [450 meters]	2329 feet [710 meters]
Omnipoint with XPIS (EC), XP (Catalytic or IR) and Searchpoint Optima Plus	524 feet [160 meters]	853 feet [260 meters]	1378 feet [420 meters]	2198 feet [670 meters]
Omnipoint with XP (Catalytic or IR) 2ea and Searchpoint Optima Plus	459 feet [140 meters]	721 feet [220 meters]	1181 feet [360 meters]	1870 feet [570 meters]

*nearest equivalent

NOTE: Sufficient operational margins should be allowed

Wiring for Power



Ensure that sufficient power is supplied; 24 VDC is required. Circuits are limited to overvoltage category III or less. Use wires size 30 - 12 AWG and tightening torque of 5 - 7 Lb-in.

mA Output Mode

The total load resistance for the 4-20mA output should be kept lower than 500Ω, including the resistance of the adequately selected 4-20mA cable and the input impedance of the equipment to be connected. The minimum loop impedance is 200 ohms; the maximum is 500 ohms. If the 20 mA output is not used, a 500 ohm resistor must be installed. The Omnipoint Transmitter power consumption depends on the sensor and options for the specific configuration. The input voltage must be maintained for proper operation, referring to the following Loop R table.

The maximum loop resistance, including the field cable, is calculated as follows:

Loop R = (V detector – V drop max) / Max. mA output

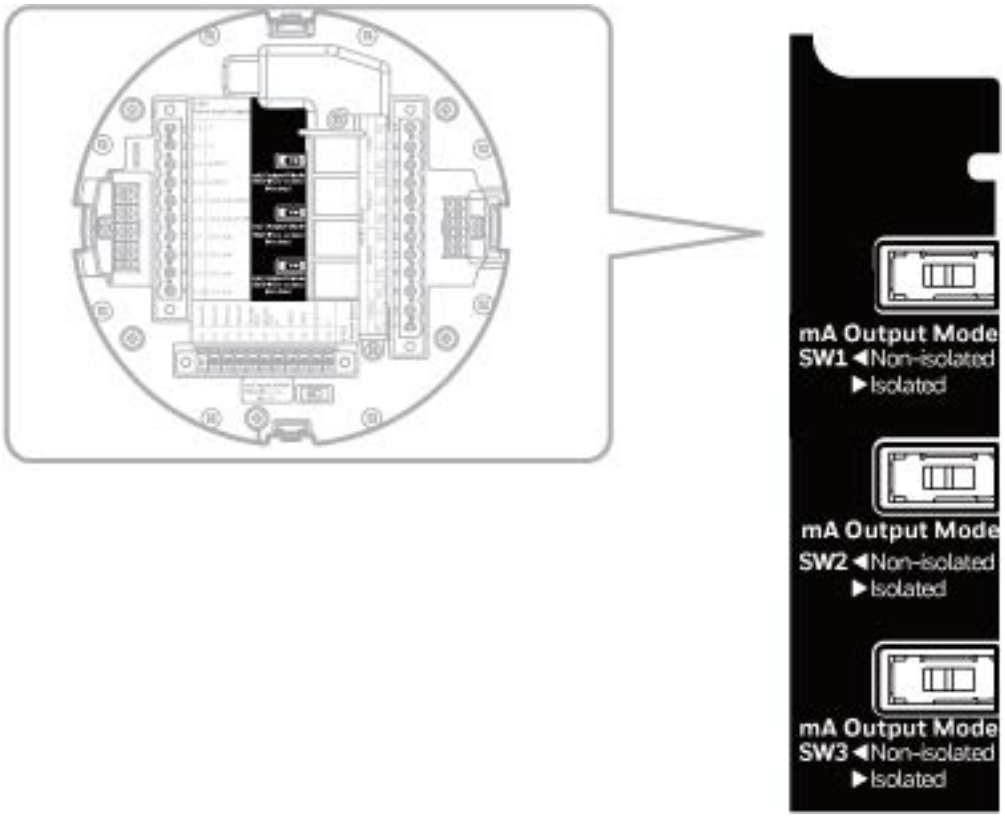
Example: The controller supplies a minimal 12 Vdc (V detector), and the maximum internal drop voltage is 7.5 Vdc(V drop max); therefore, the maximum allowable voltage drop of 4-20mA Loop is 4.5 Vdc.

The maximum current required to drive the 4-20mA is 22 mA (Max. mA output).

So, the maximum Loop resistance (Loop R) = 4.5 / 0.022 = 200 Ω (allowing for component variations, losses, etc.).

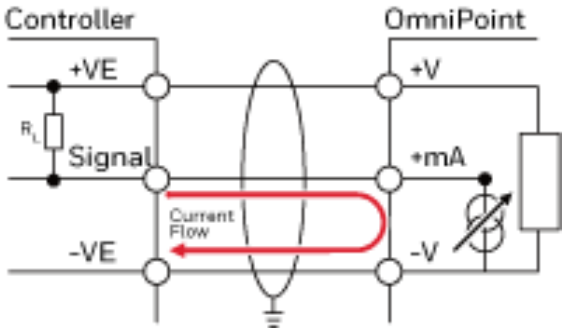
Maximum Loop Resistance	
V Detector	Loop Resistance
12 Vdc	200 Ω
14 Vdc	290 Ω
16 Vdc	380 Ω
18 Vdc	470 Ω
24 Vdc	500 Ω
32 Vdc	500

The maximum allowable loop resistance is 500 Ω.

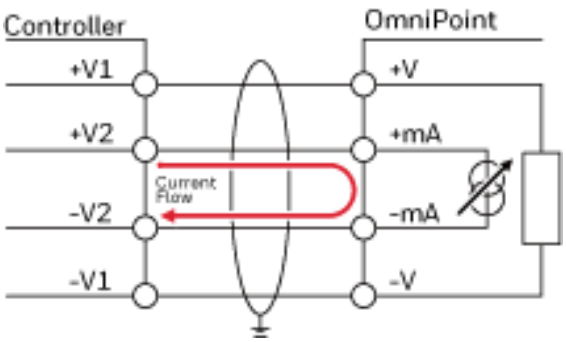


For MODBUS - Use wires size 30 - 12 AWG and tightening torque of 5 - 7 Lb-in.

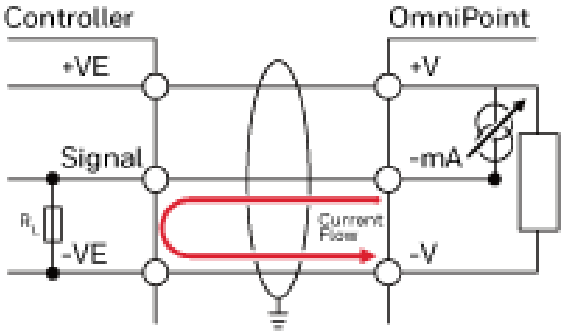
Sink Wiring:



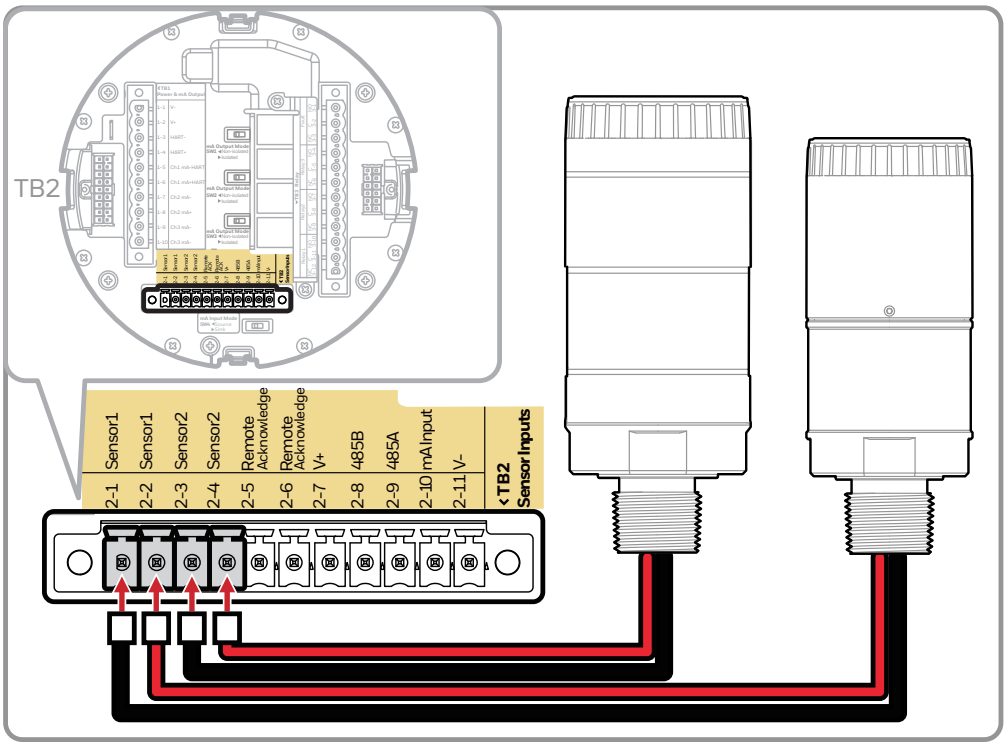
Isolated wiring:



Source wiring:



XP and XPIS Sensor to TX Wiring

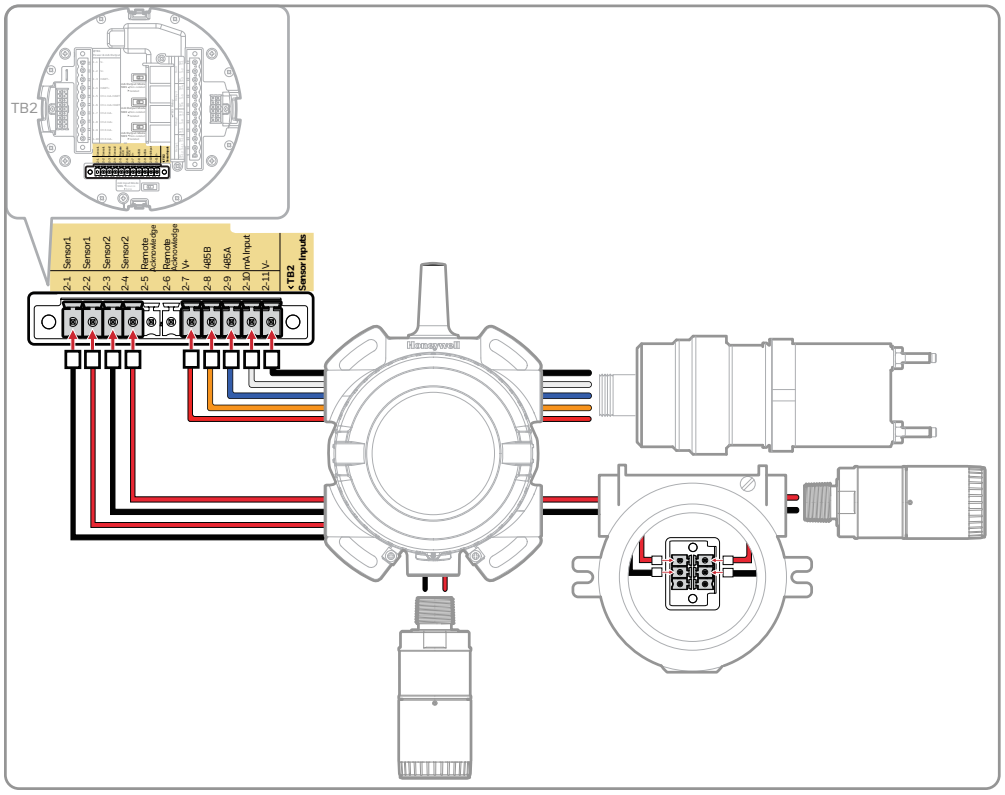


Ensure sensors are installed to the transmitter with a min. 30Nm / MIN 266lbf in. Use wires size 30-14 AWG and tightening torque of 2 - 2.2 Lb-in

Optima to TX Wiring

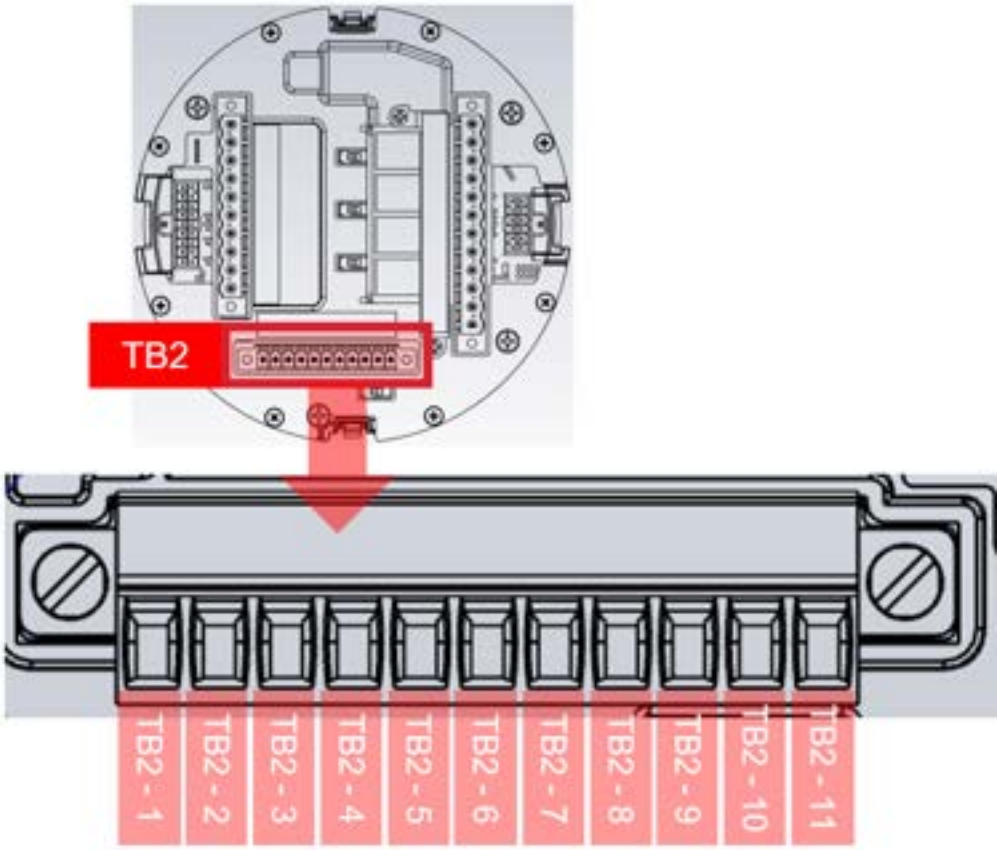
Wire Color	Connection	Purpose
Red	+24 Vdc	+ve Supply
Black	0 Vdc	-ve Supply
White	4-20 mA Output	Signal
Orange	RS485 A	Communication
Blue	RS485 B	Communication
Green/Yellow	Earth	Protective Earth

Remote Mount Sensor Configuration



For NPT Threads configuration, ensure a minimum engagement of 5; for Metric Threads configuration, ensure a minimum engagement of 8. Honeywell recommends using Akron Electric INC., Part Nos. 2430-0021 and 2441-0022 Junction Boxes. Ensure use of appropriate junction box per local requirements.

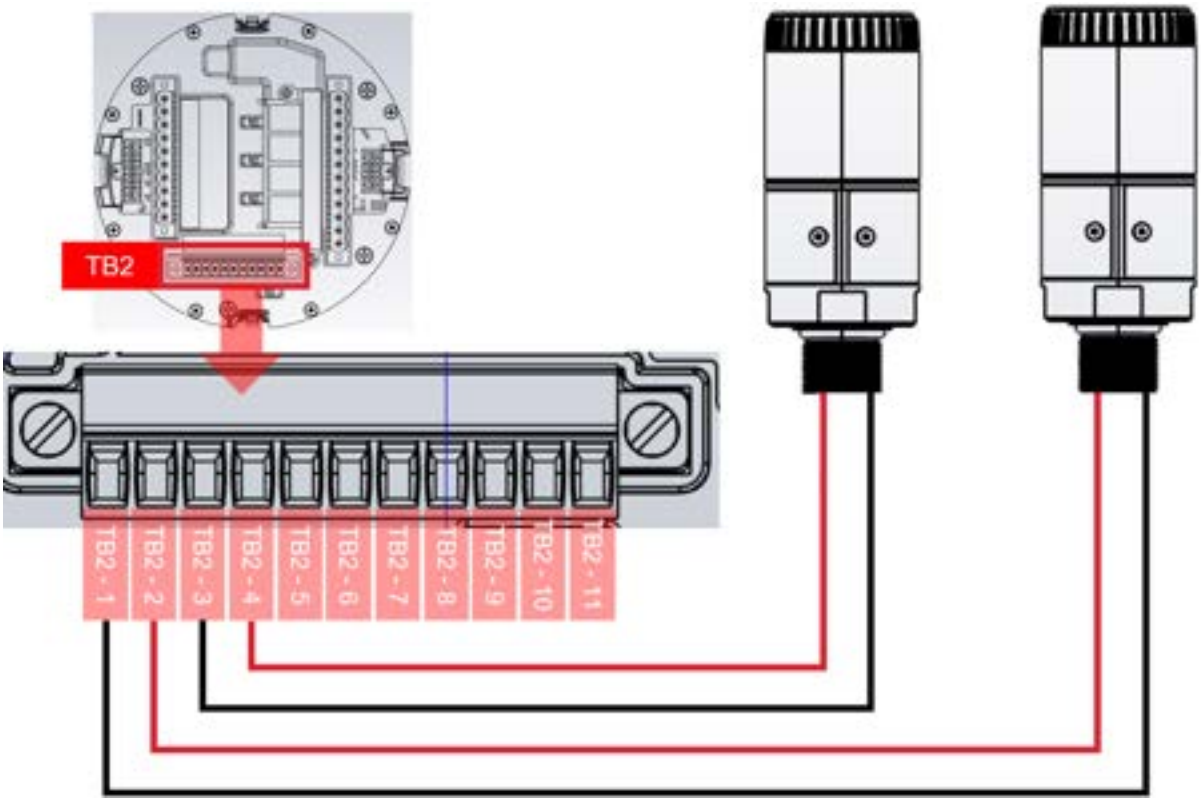
3.2.3 Sensor wiring For Terminal Block 2 (TB2)



TB2 is for sensor inputs and remote acknowledgement to reset the alarm or fault

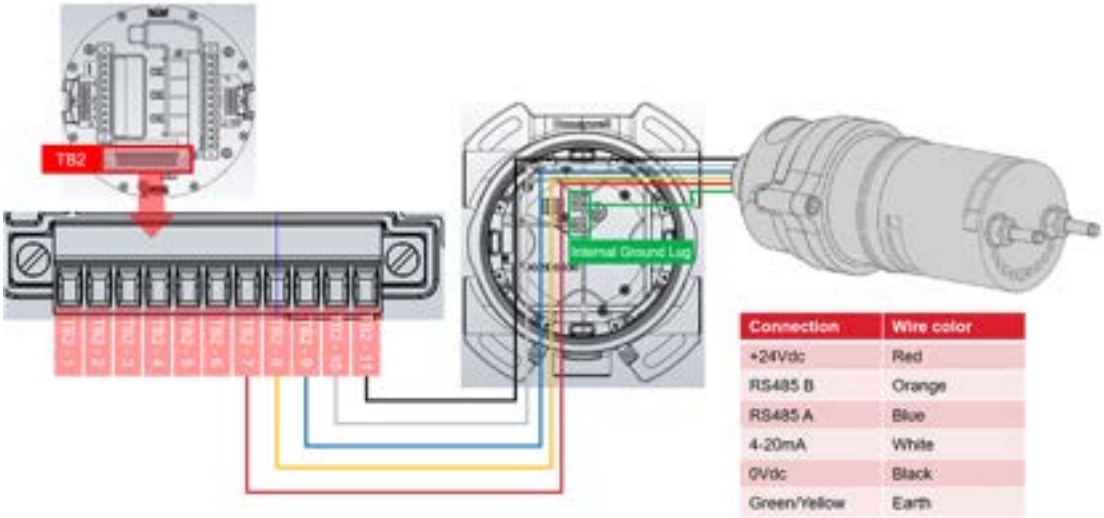
Number	Category	Description
TB2 – 1	SENSOR 1	The Input of the new OmniPoint sensor 1
TB2 – 2	SENSOR 1	The Input of the new OmniPoint sensor 1
TB2 – 3	SENSOR 2	The input of the new OmniPoint sensor 2
TB2 – 4	SENSOR 2	The input of the new OmniPoint sensor 2
TB2 – 5	REMOTE_ACK	Remote ACK input to reset alarm relays
TB2 – 6	REMOTE_ACK	Remote ACK input to reset alarm relays
TB2 – 7	Optima	Supply power V+ (+24Vdc) to Optima
TB2 – 8	Optima	RS485_B with Optima
TB2 – 9	Optima	RS485_A with Optima
TB2 – 10	Optima	mA input from Optima
TB2 – 11	Optima	Supply power V- (0Vdc) to Optima

3.2.4 Sensor Wiring

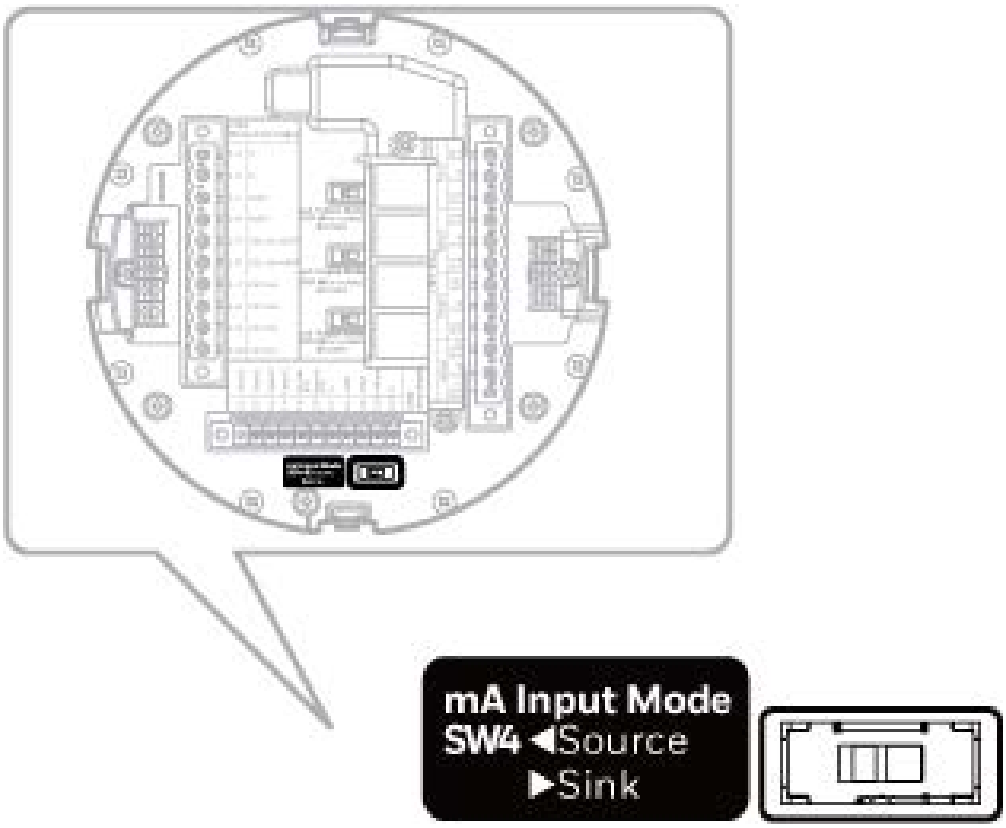


TB2 has connections for two OmniPoint sensor modules

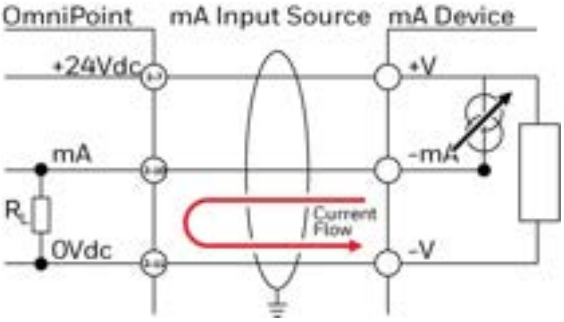
3.2.5 Optima Wiring



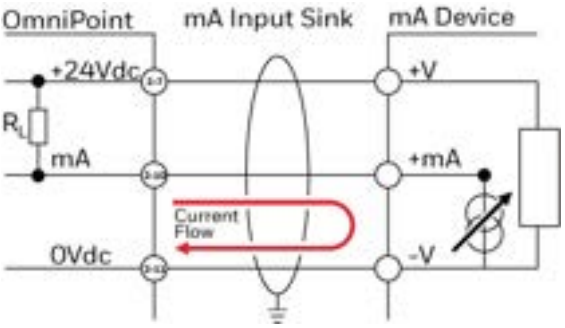
TB2 has connections for Searchpoint Optima



mA input source:



mA input sink:



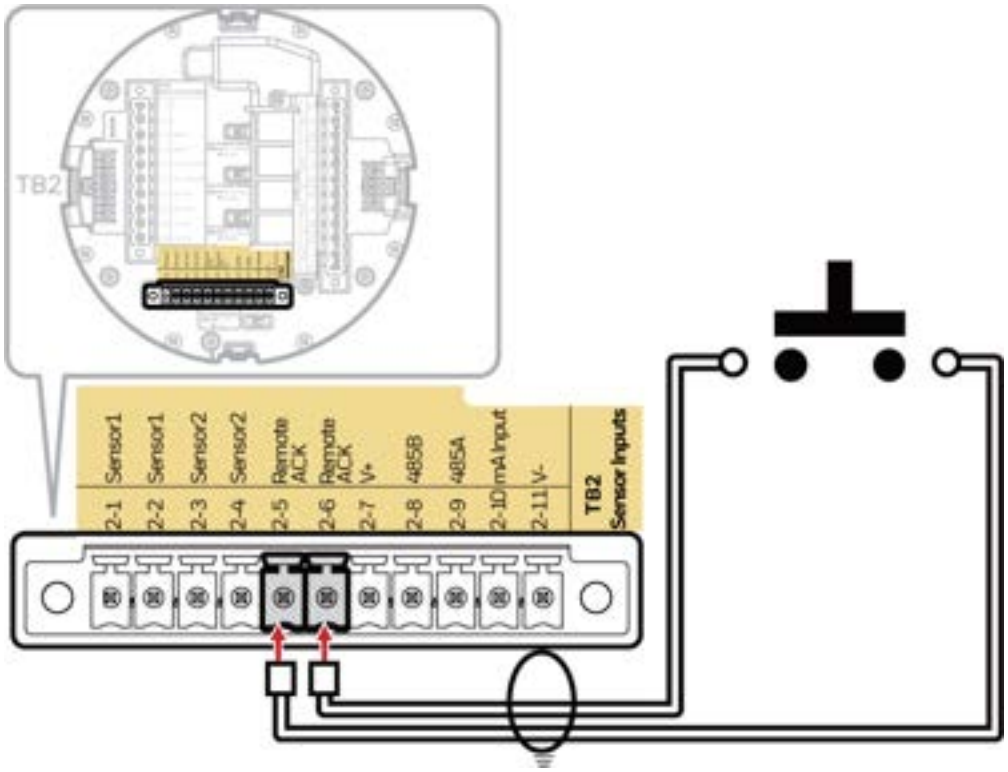
3.2.6 Remote reset connection and remote distance

WARNING

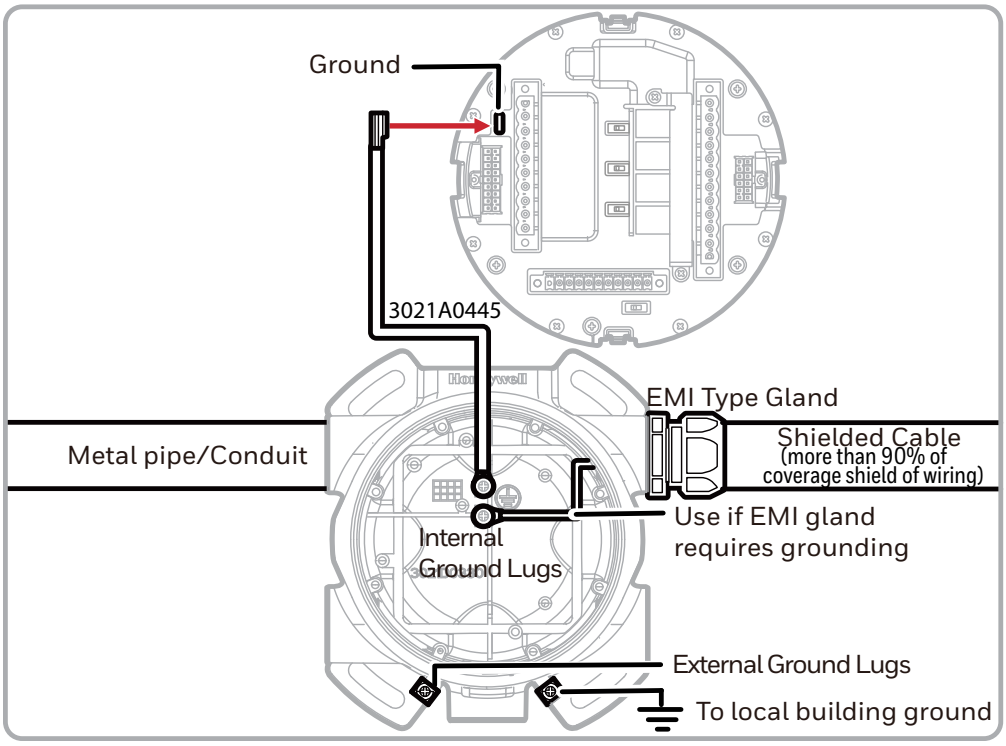
- The user is responsible for ensuring that the Remote switch is guarded against unauthorized access or tampering.

TB2 is provided as a connection to a user-installed momentary switch to reset alarms or faults remotely.

Maximum Rloop resistance for a remote reset switch is 18 Ω, i.e. ≤500 m of 1 mm^2 shielded cable.



Grounding and EMI



Internal ground connection: Utilize the shield of the wiring cable recommended in the wiring instructions. For connection to this terminal, twist the shield wire to avoid stray shield wires. Loosen the screw sufficiently and wrap the wire around the screw in a "U" shape. Raise the clamp and place the wire between the clamp and ground base, lower the clamp, and tighten the screw for a torque of 6.9 lb-in.

External ground connection: If local authority requires, utilize at least 4mm^2 copper (stranded or solid) wire. Loosen the screw sufficiently to enable wrapping the wire around the screw in a "U" shape. Raise the clamp and place the wire between the clamp and ground base, lower the clamp, and tighten the screw to a torque of 10.4 lb-in.

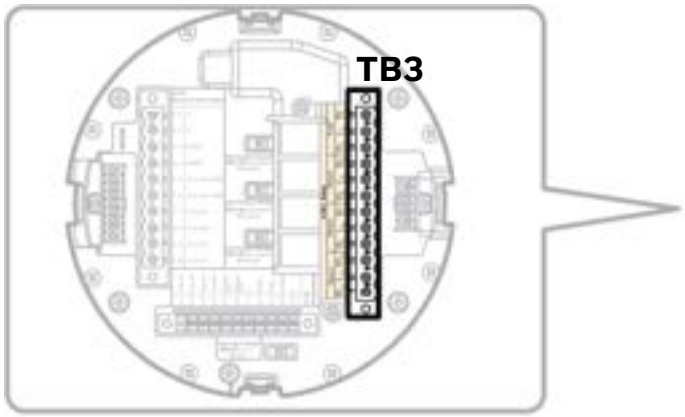
Supplemental external bonding terminal should not be used in North American installations unless local authorities permit.

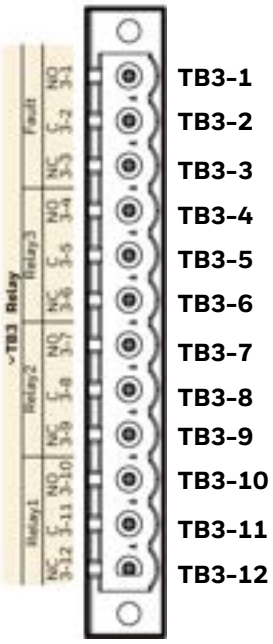
⚠ **CAUTION: Any earthing regime employed must avoid earth loops.**

The following information is provided to assist with proper earthing of the Omnipoint:

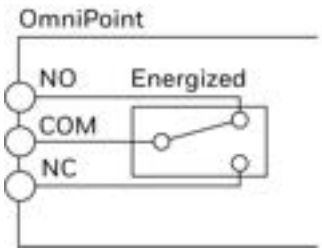
- The Omnipoint provides both internal and external earth ground points. This facilitates connecting the detector to the protective earth.
- The internal earth shall be used for the equipment grounding connection. It must be at least equal in mm^2 to the incoming power conductors.
- The EXTERNAL earth provides a supplementary bonding connection, which allows for the connection of field wiring conductors of at least 4mm^2.

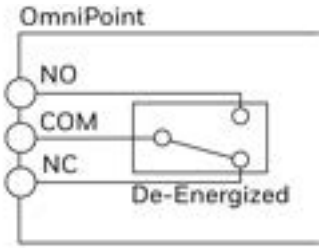
3.3 Relays





Use wires size 30 - 12 AWG and tightening torque of 5 -7 Lb-in.





Number	Category	Description
TB3 – 1	Fault Relay	NO (Normal Opened) of fault relay
TB3 – 2	Fault Relay	COM of fault relay
TB3 – 3	Fault Relay	NC (Normal Closed) of fault relay
TB3 – 4	Alarm Relay 3	NO (Normal Opened) of alarm relay 3
TB3 – 5	Alarm Relay 3	COM of alarm relay 3
TB3 – 6	Alarm Relay 3	NC (Normal Closed) of alarm relay 3
TB3 – 7	Alarm Relay 2	NO (Normal Opened) of alarm relay 2
TB3 – 8	Alarm Relay 2	COM of alarm relay 2
TB3 – 9	Alarm Relay 2	NC (Normal Closed) of alarm relay 2
TB3 – 10	Alarm Relay 1	NO (Normal Opened) of alarm relay 1
TB3 – 11	Alarm Relay 1	COM of alarm relay 1
TB3 – 12	Alarm Relay 1	NC (Normal Closed) of alarm relay 1

Relay rating: 250 VAC 5A, 24VDC 5A Resistive Loads Only.

3.3.1 Relay Settings

There are three alarm relays and one fault relay.

Alarm relays can be set independently:

- Link: It is an item that sets which sensors or alarms to link the relay to. The following 6 options are provided
  - Alarm 1 for any sensor
  - Alarm 2 for any sensor
  - Any alarm for sensor 1
  - Any alarm for sensor 2
  - Any alarm for sensor 3
  - Disabled
- Normal State: It is a setting item for a relay's state when it is not operational (a normal situation).
  - (normally) Energized: normally open (NO)
  - (normally) De-energized: normally closed (NC)
- Ack (acknowledge) optionRelay acknowledge enable/disable option. If enabled, the relay can be acknowledged(released) when requesting relay ack.

The fault relay cannot be configured and operates in a normally energized (NC).

To set the relays:

1. Tap **Setting** menu.
2. Select **Relays**.
3. Select the Relay to set, and follow theonscreen instructions.

3.4 4-20mA Output, Common Connections, and Power Settings

The total load resistance for the 4-20mA output should be kept lower than 500Ω, including the resistance of the adequately selected 4-20mA cable and the input impedance of the equipment to be connected. The minimum loop impedance is 200 ohms; the maximum is 500 ohms. If the 20 mA output is not used, a 500 ohm resistor must be installed. The Omnipoint Transmitter power consumption depends on the sensor and options for the specific configuration. The input voltage must be maintained for proper operation, referring to the following Loop R table.

The maximum loop resistance, including the field cable, is calculated as follows:

Loop R = (V detector – V drop max) / Max. mA output

Example: The controller supplies a minimal 12 Vdc (V detector), and the maximum internal drop voltage is 7.5 Vdc(V drop max); therefore, the maximum allowable voltage drop of 4-20mA Loop is 4.5 Vdc.

The maximum current required to drive the 4-20mA is 22 mA (Max. mA output).

So, the maximum Loop resistance (Loop R) = 4.5 / 0.022 = 200 Ω (allowing for component variations, losses, etc.).

Maximum Loop Resistance	
V Detector	Loop Resistance
12 Vdc	200 Ω
14 Vdc	290 Ω
16 Vdc	380 Ω
18 Vdc	470 Ω
24 Vdc	500 Ω
32 Vdc	500

The maximum allowable loop resistance is 500 Ω.

CHAPTER

4 DEVICE OPERATION

4.1 User interface overview

Number	Description			
1	The LED light ring and Badge show the transmitter's running state			
2	Touch keys:			
	☰	Menu	−+	Increase/Decrease
	i	Information	∧∨ <>	Navigation
	✕✓	Selection	↻	Reset
	⮌	Return	📈	Alarm Snapshot
	🔇	Alarm Relay Acknowledge		
3	Gas readings with gas type and measuring unit.			
4	Indication Icons such as: • Option module (BLE, MODBUS RTU) installation state • Channel information (order) • Sensor changing indicator • Bump/calibration overdue indicator			

4.1.1 Light Ring

STATUS	Red	Green	Yellow	Blue
Inhibit		Flashing alternately green & yellow		
Alarm 2	Flashing			
Alarm 1	Solid			
Fault			Flashing	
Warning			Solid	
Warm-up		Flashing alternately green & yellow		
Normal		Solid (default)		
Bluetooth connected				Solid
Transmitter Updating	Flashing alternately red & green			

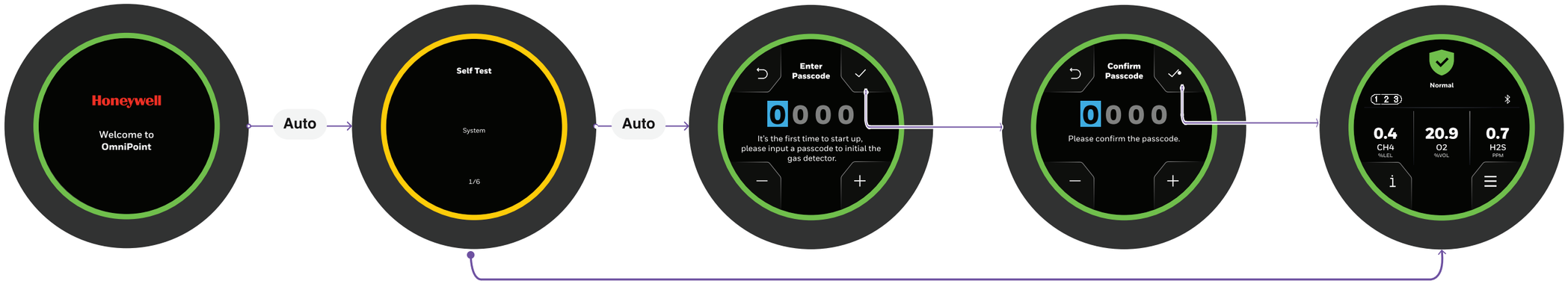
4.1.2 Main Menu options

Tap ☰ and select any of the following options:

TEST & Calibration	Settings	Maintenance	Inhibit Mode
			
• Bump Test • Calibration • Test	• General • Channel • Sensor • Inhibit & Fault • Relays • Communications • Security	• Sensor Replacing Guide • Replace Sensor • Accept Sensor • Soft Reset (Optima) • Calibrate Current Loop • Factory Reset	

4.2 Initial Setup

1. Turn on the OmniPoint. The Light Ring sequence goes green, red, yellow, and blue.
2. The Self-test procedure starts. The Normal screen is displayed after the self-test.
3. *First time Start up only:* Enter a passcode and confirm it. The Normal screen is displayed after typing the passcode.



4.3 Calibration

4.3.1 Zero Calibration

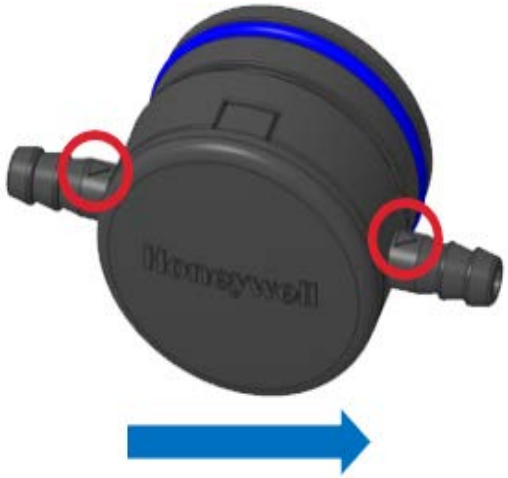
1. Tap **Test & Calibration** menu, tap ✓

2. Select **Calibration and tap** ✓

3. Select a channel or sensor to calibrate. Click ✓ to start the Zero calibration.

4. Apply Gas:
   a. Connect the OmniPoint calibration cap (PN: OPT-CAP) to the regulated cylinder containing a known target gas concentration.
   Note: Pay attention to the flow direction and use the recommended flow rate for each

sensor cartridge.



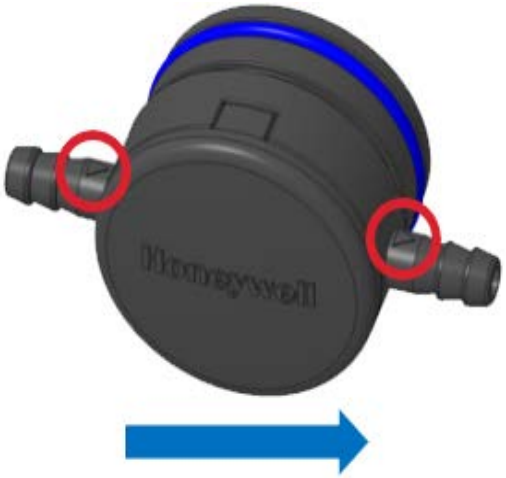
b. Apply the gas and wait for a few minutes until the reading is stable.
c. Tap ✓ when the reading is stable.

5. After successful zero calibration, choose whether to proceed with span calibration ✓ or to Skip span calibration ✕

4.3.2 Span Calibration

1. Set the span calibration point, then tap ✓

2. Apply Gas:
   a. Connect the OmniPoint calibration cap (PN: OPT-CAP) to the regulated cylinder containing a known target gas concentration.
   Note: Pay attention to the flow direction and use the recommended flow rate for each sensor cartridge.



   b. Apply the gas and wait for a few minutes until the reading is stable.
   c. Tap ✓ when the reading is stable.

3. Apply fresh air and tap ✓

4. Wait until the reading is below the Alarm1. Tap ✓ to exit.

5. Choose whether to continue the calibration of another channel ✓ or exit the calibration ✕

4.3.3 Zero and Span Calibration for XP/XPIS Sensors

CAUTION: Before initial calibration, allow the sensor to stabilize for 30 minutes after applying power.

When in zero and span calibration modes, the current output from the sensor is inhibited (default 2mA) to avoid false alarms.

For sticky gases (CI2 and NH3), use PTFE tubing with short pieces of Tygon tube for the final connection (due to the inflexibility of PTFE). This minimizes the adhesion of the gas to the tube surface and allows more accurate measurement. Use a one-inch section of Tygon tubing as a union sleeve to join the calibration caps' fitting and the PTFE tubing. Push the PTFE tubing against the fitting so they make secure contact as shown in the illustration. Gas should not be able to contact the Tygon sleeve. Attach the PTFE tubing to the regulator in the same manner.

To calibrate the sensor, use an appropriate span gas cylinder, tubing, and calibration cap or gas flow housing. Set the flow regulator (ZCALREG1) to 300- 375 ml/min for XPIS sensors or 300-700 ml/min for XP sensors (Flow regulator PN: N600 1001 33).

If the sensor is located in an area containing any residual amount of the target gas, use a compressed gas cylinder (20.9%Vol oxygen) to perform the zero calibration. If no residual gas is present, background air can perform the zero calibration. Contact a Honeywell representative for details about suitable calibration kits. To calibrate the sensor, follow the steps in the Calibration Procedure.

4.3.4 Cross Calibration for XP Combustible Gas Sensor

CAUTION: When a user calibrates a sensor using a different gas, the user is responsible for identifying and recording the calibration. Refer to local regulations where appropriate.

When the XP Combustible LEL sensor is to be calibrated with a gas which is different from the gas or vapor to be detected, follow this cross-calibration procedure:

These star rating tables list the gases according to the reaction they produce at a given detector.

Gas	Star Rating
Acetone	4
Ammonia	7
Benzene	3
Butanone	3
Butane	4
Butyl acetate	1
Butyl acrylate	1
Cyclohexane	3
Cyclohexanone	1
Diethyl ether	4
Ethane	6
Ethanol	5
Ethyl acetate	3
Ethylene	5
Heptane	3
Hexane	3
Hydrogen	6
Methane	6
Methanol	5
MIBK	3
Nonane	2
Octane	3
Pentane	4
Propane	5
Propan-2-ol	4
Styrene	2
Tetra hydrafuran	4
Toluene	3
Triethylamine	3
Xylene	2

An eight-star (8*) gas produces the highest output, while a one-star (1*) gas produces the lowest. (These are not applicable at ppm levels.)

To cross-calibrate the XP combustible gas sensor:

1. Obtain the star rating for the test gas and the gas to be detected from the Gas Star Ratings table.

2. Set the gas selection to the star rating, the same star rating of the gas detected.

3. These values may then be used in the following table to obtain the required meter setting when a 50% LEL test gas is applied to the detector.

Test Gas Meter Settings[1]								
Star rating of calibration gas	Star rating of gas to be detected							
	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
8	50	62	76	95				
7	40	50	61	76	95			
6	33	41	50	62	78	95		
5	26	33	40	50	63	79	95	
4		26	32	40	50	63	80	95
3			26	32	40	50	64	81
2				25	31	39	50	64
1					25	31	39	50

[1] Use these settings only with 50% LEL calibration gas concentration.

4. If a sensor is to be used to detect a gas other than that for which it was calibrated, the required correction factor can be obtained from the following multiplier factors table. Multiply the meter reading by this number to get the true gas concentration.

Multiple factors								
Sensor calibrated to detect	Sensors to be used							
	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
8	1.00	1.24	1.52	1.89	2.37	2.98	3.78	4.83
7	0.81	1.00	1.23	1.53	1.92	2.40	3.05	3.90
6	0.66	0.81	1.00	1.24	1.56	1.96	2.49	3.17
5	0.53	0.66	0.80	1.00	1.25	1.58	2.00	2.55
4	0.42	0.52	0.64	0.80	1.00	1.26	1.60	2.03
3	0.34	0.42	0.51	0.64	0.80	1.00	1.27	1.62
2	0.26	0.33	0.40	0.50	0.63	0.79	1.00	1.28
1	0.21	0.26	0.32	0.39	0.49	0.62	0.78	1.00

Since combustible sensors require oxygen for correct operation, use a gas mixture in the air for calibration. Assuming average sensor performance, the sensitivity information in these tables is normally accurate to ±20%.

CAUTION: When calibrating a sensor, the reaction time should be checked by measuring the time from applying test gas to the sensor head to achieve a stable reading. Stability should be achieved within one minute. If this reaction time becomes unduly prolonged, the sensor should be replaced.

Example. If the target gas to be detected is butane and the calibration gas available is methane (50% LEL):

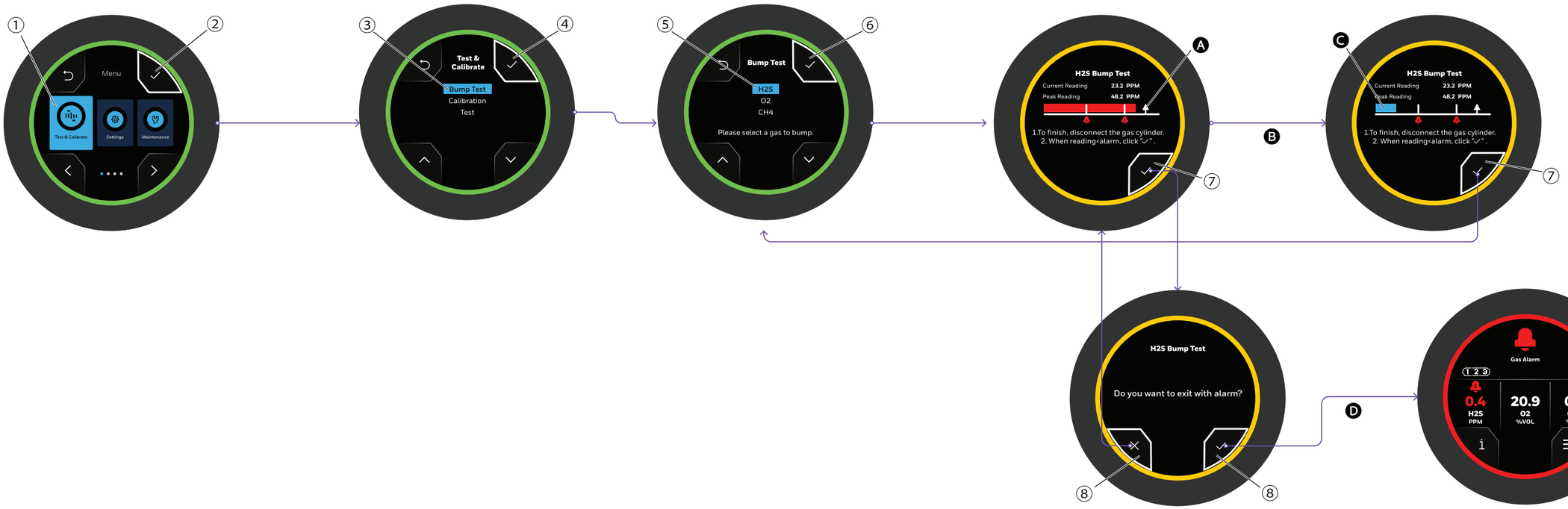
1. Look up the star rating for each gas in the first table: Butane 4* and Methane 6*.

2. Check the meter settings for 50% LEL calibration gas in the second table: 78.

3. Set the meter to 78% to accurately read butane using 50% LEL with methane as the calibration gas.

4.4 Bump Test

1. Select **Test & Calibration** from the main menu.
2. Tap ✓
3. Select **Bump Test**.
4. Tap ✓
5. Select a channel or sensor to bump.
6. Tap ✓ The bump test will start:
   a. Apply the test gas and check the reading.
   b. Apply fresh air to finish the bump test and wait until the reading is below the Alarm1
7. Click ✓ to exit.
8. Confirm to exit.



Notes:

A. The white arrow icon means peak reading and the position is according to the percentage of the full scale.
B. Assume the gas cylinder is disconnected, and the gas reading goes down
C. When the reading is beyond Alarm1, the bar turns red, and if the reading is lower than the alarm, the bar turns blue.
D. Go to the home page.

4.5 Reset Alarm

4.6 Settings

4.6.1 General

Item	Description	Default
Language	English, French, Spanish, Portuguese, German, Dutch	
Date & Time	Available formats: MM/DD/YY, DD/MM/YY, YY/MM/DD	MM/DD/YY
	Available formats: 24-hour (hh: mm), 12 hour (hh: mm am/pm)	24-hour (hh: mm)
	Do not support daylight saving	
Display	Brightness	High (75%)
	Screen Timeout: 1 to 3600 seconds (1 hour), always on	60 seconds
	Heart Indicator (transmitter ring-indicator operation on normal state): Solid Green, Flash Green, Off	Solid Green
Location ID		

4.6.2 Sensors

This menu allows you to set various items for gas, alarm levels, and mA output connected to the sensor.

Gas-related setting items such as gas, unit& range, and alarms depend on the sensor. The “Gas” and “Unit & Range” setting menus are only enabled if the sensor supports them.

Item	Description	Default	Range
Gas	It provides the ability to choose the target gas from the detectable gas list, which depends on the sensor.	Depends on sensor	
Unit & Range	Set gas unit and measuring range. Only the unit or range setting menu is enabled depending on the sensor.	Depends on sensor	
Alarms	It allows you to set alarm levels, trigger directions, latch options, and alarm delays. Alarms 1 and 2 have separate settings except for the Alarm delay.	Depends on sensor	

Item	Description	Default	Range
mA output	• Activation	Enable	Enable/Disable
	• Inhibit level	2.0 mA	1.0 to 3.5 mA
	• Warning level	3.0 mA	1.0 to 4.0 mA
	• Over-range level	21.0 mA	20 to 22 mA
	It provides the ability to set up current output connected to the sensor.		
Deadband	It enables or disables the reading deadband (blank zone). The deadband is a range of values where the gas reading is displayed as zero.	Enable	
Test & Calibration	• Calibration Notification	Disable	Enable/Disable
	• Calibration Interval	180 days	1 to 365 days
	• Bump Test Notification	Disable	Enable/Disable
	• Bump Test Interval	90 days	1 to 90 days
	It allows users to set notifications and intervals for gas calibration and bump tests. The transmitter will warn when the interval is reached if notification is enabled. Notification (due warning) only occurs during weekday business hours: Monday to Friday, 9:00 to 17:00		

4.6.3 Inhibit & Fault

Item	Description	Default
Inhibit Timeout	Maximum transmitter inhibits holding time when the user turns on inhibit: 5 to 480 minutes (8 hours)	15 minutes
Temperature Warning	This option controls whether temperature-related warnings and faults are reported. If this option is disabled, all temperature-related warnings and faults from the transmitter and sensors will not be reported(occurred).	Enable
Fault Latch	Fault and warning latching enable/disable option. If the option is enabled, the fault or warning does not disappear even if the fault or warning condition is cleared.	Latching
Easy Reset	The easy reset option controls whether or not administrator privileges is requested to reset all (alarm, fault, and warnings) on the home screen. Enable - Not required administrator password. Disable - Required administrator password.	Enable

4.6.4 HART (FSK) Communication

The OmniPoint can communicate with and display information for three sensors at a time. The OmniPoint transmitter generates up to three discrete analog outputs, one for each sensor connected to the transmitter.

The analog output associated with Channel/Sensor 1 also has the digital HART communication superimposed on the analog signal. The digital HART communication carries information for all sensors. A current loop must be formed on the mA output of channel 1 for HART communication.

Item	Description	Default
Mode	It provides the ability to select communication mode between “Peer to Peer” and “Muti-drop.”	Peer to Peer
Address	It provides the ability to set the device address between 0 and 63.	0

4.6.5 MODBUS RTU Communication

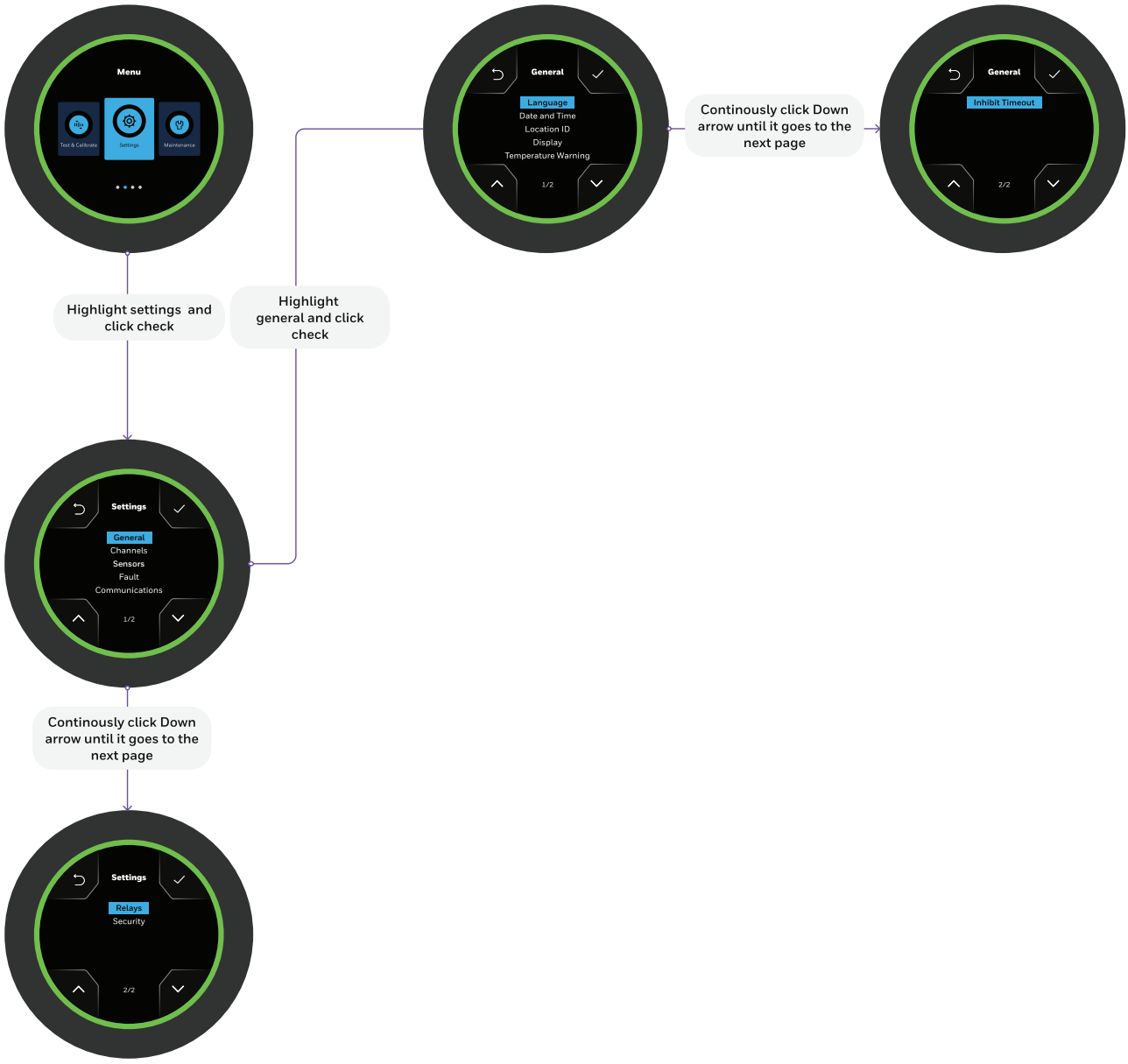
This menu is enabled when the MODBUS RTU module is installed on the transmitter.

Item	Description	Default
Slave ID	Set device(transmitter) slave ID between 1 and 247 for MODBUS RTU communication.	1
Baud Rate	Select communication speed (baud rate) 2400 bps, 4800 bps, 9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 115200 bps	9600 bps
Stop Bits	Set stop bits. 1 bit, 2 bits	1
Parity	Set parity. No, Even, Odd	Even

4.6.6 Security

- This menu allows setting/resetting the passcode of the Operator and Administrator.
- Administrator passcode must be set by the user at the first power on.
- Operator passcode can be set by the logged-in user with Admin privileges.
- If the users forget the Admin password, they should ask the Honeywell Service Engineer for help.
- The Honeywell Service Engineer can log in with the Honeywell Service account and reset the Admin password for the device

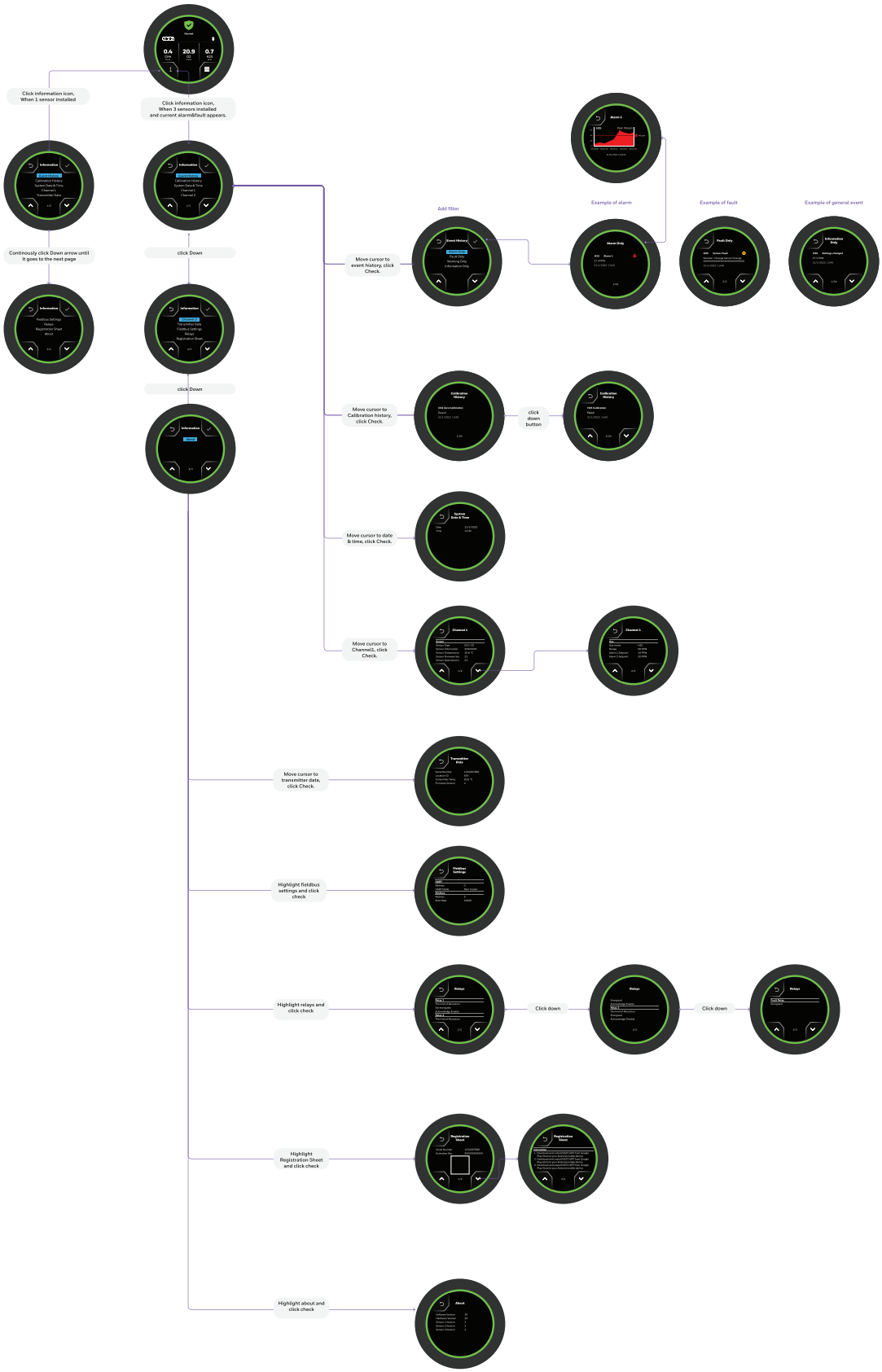
Item	Description
Operator Passcode	Set passcode for Operator
Admin. Passcode	Set passcode for Administrator


Menu
Test & Calibrate
Settings
Maintenance
General
Language
Date and Time
Location ID
Display
Temperature Warning
1/2
Continously click Down arrow until it goes to the next page
General
Inhibit Timeout
2/2
Highlight settings and click check
Highlight general and click check
Settings
General
Channels
Sensors
Fault
Communications
1/2
Continously click Down arrow until it goes to the next page
Settings
Relays
Security
2/2

4.7 View Information

Tap  (lower left button) to open the **Information** menu. Select any of the following options:

Event History	History of Alarms, Faults, Warning and Information
Calibration History	History of gas calibration
System Date / Time	Date and time of the instrument
Channel 1, 2, 3	Sensor information about each channel (Type, S/N, Temperature, FW version, DB version, Gas, measuring range, Alarm 1, Alarm 2)
Transmitter Data	Transmitter information (S/N, Location ID, Temperature)
Relays	Configuration information about each relay (Link, Energized/De-energized, Acknowledge enable/disable)
Field Communication Settings	Configuration information about each digital communication (MODBUS RTU, HART)
QR Code	QR code for BLE connection
About	General information (Main FW version, Interface FW version, UI version, Key FW version)

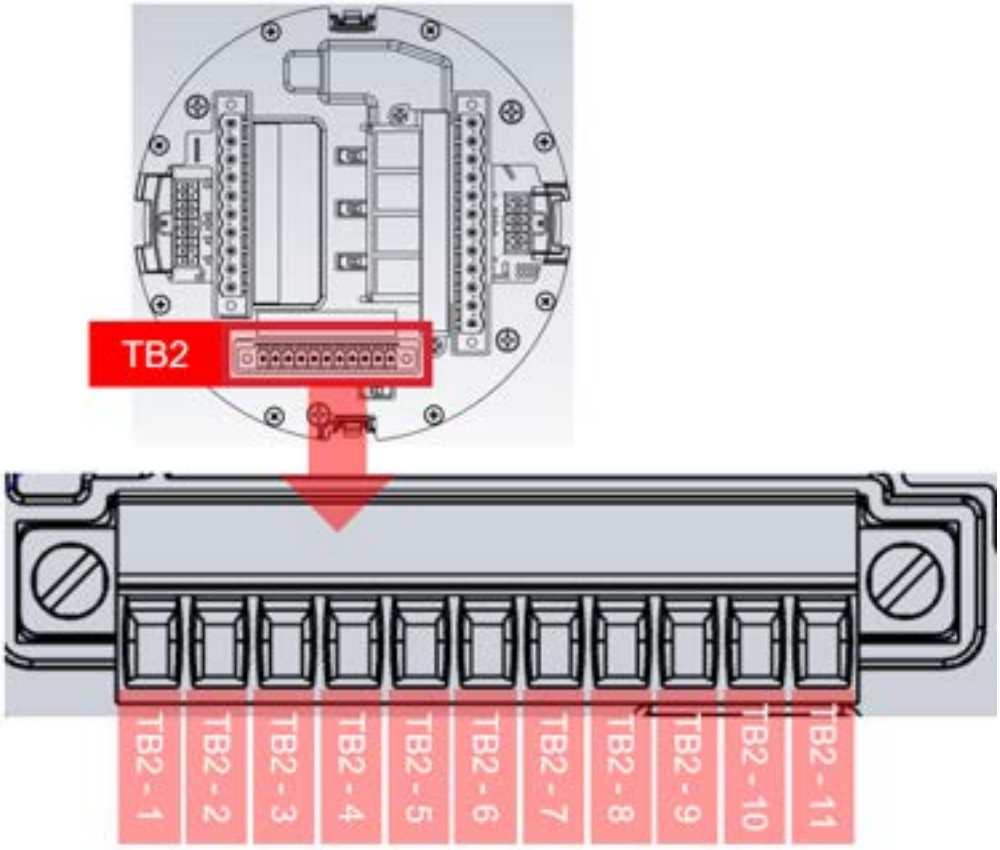

Click information icon,
When 1 sensor installed
Click information icon,
When 3 sensors installed
and current alarm&fault appears.
Continously click Down arrow until
it goes to the next page
click Down
click Down
Add filter
Example of alarm
Example of fault
Example of general event
Move cursor to
event history, click
Check.
Move cursor to
Calibration history,
click Check.
click
down
button
Move cursor to date
& time, click Check.
Move cursor to
Channel1, click
Check.
Move cursor to
transmitter date,
click Check.
Highlight fieldbus
settings and click
check
Highlight relays and
click check
Click down
Click down
Highlight
Registration Sheet
and click check
Highlight about and
click check

4.8 Channel Setting

- The OmniPoint can connect (install) up to three sensors (2 OmniPoint and one Optima Plus) and has three current outputs that can be linked to these sensors.
- **This menu lets you connect a sensor to a physical mA output or connect a desired sensor to the output.**
- Use the channel setting menu to change the assigned channel without changing the sensor's physical wiring to the transmitter.
- Disabling a channel disables the sensor and its associated mA output.
- By default, physical mA output channels are assigned in the order that sensors are installed.

  - For example, if you initially connect only Optima (at first boot), the mA output is automatically connected to mA Ch1.
  - When all three sensors are connected at first boot, output channels are assigned as follows:

Sensor input	mA channel
Sensor 1	mA Ch. 1
Sensor 2	mA Ch. 2
IR (Optima)	mA Ch. 3



1. Select a Channel to set.

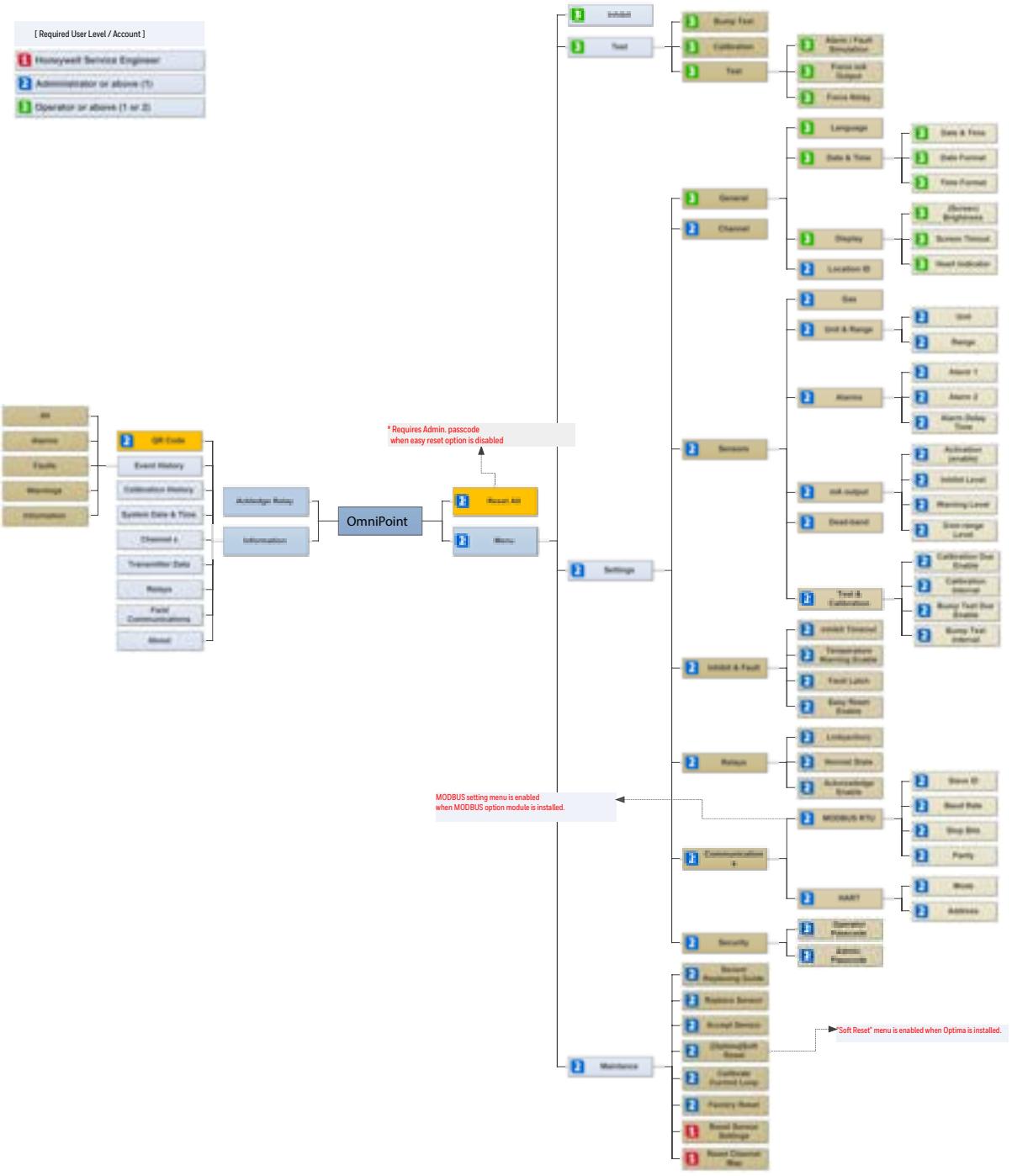
2. Select **Enable** to assign the sensor to the channel or select **Disable** to turn off the sensor and mA output assigned to the channel.

3. Select which sensor to connect to the selected channel.
   If you select a sensor assigned to another channel, the previously assigned channel is automatically deactivated.
   If you want to activate only the sensor and disable the connected 4-20mA output, disable it using the mA output setting menu in the sensor menu. (**Settings** > **Sensor** > **mA output**).

4.9 Inhibit

1. Tap ☰ and select **Inhibit**.
2. Select **ON** or **OFF**

4.10 Transmitter Menu Navigation



CHAPTER

5 MAINTENANCE

5.1 Maintenance Menu

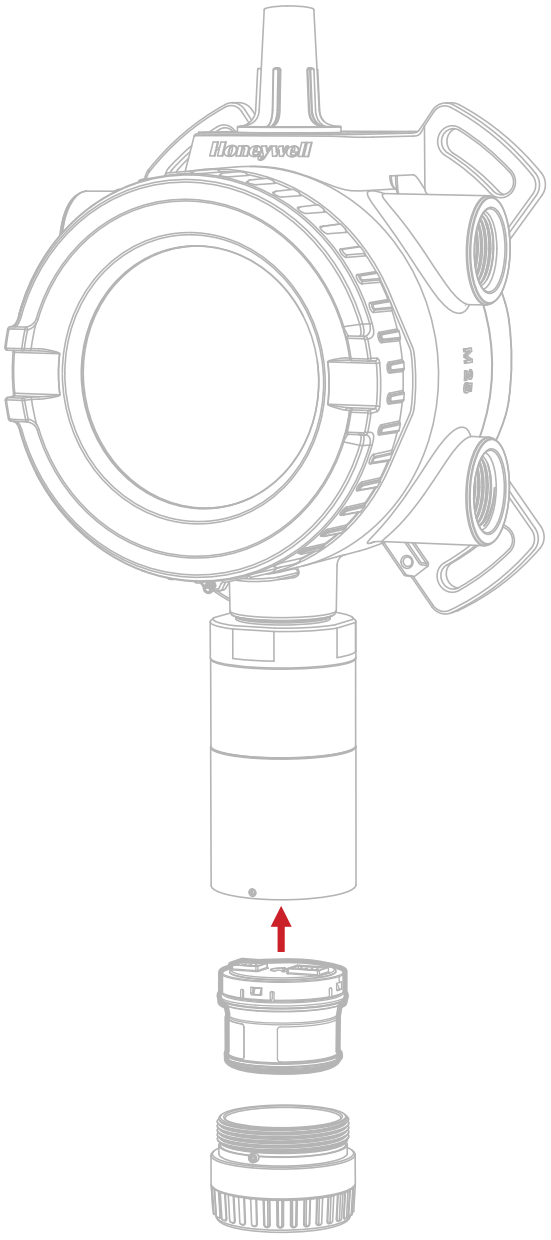
Tap ☰ and select **Maintenance**

Select any of the following sub menus:

Sub menu	Description
Sensor Replacing Guide	Replace the sensor guide
Replace the sensor	Replace each sensor
Accept sensor	Accept of changed sensor
Soft Reset	Reset Optima in a software manner
Calibrate current loop	Calibrate mA output of each channel
Factory Reset	Reset all settings as factory configuration

5.2 Replace an XPIS sensor

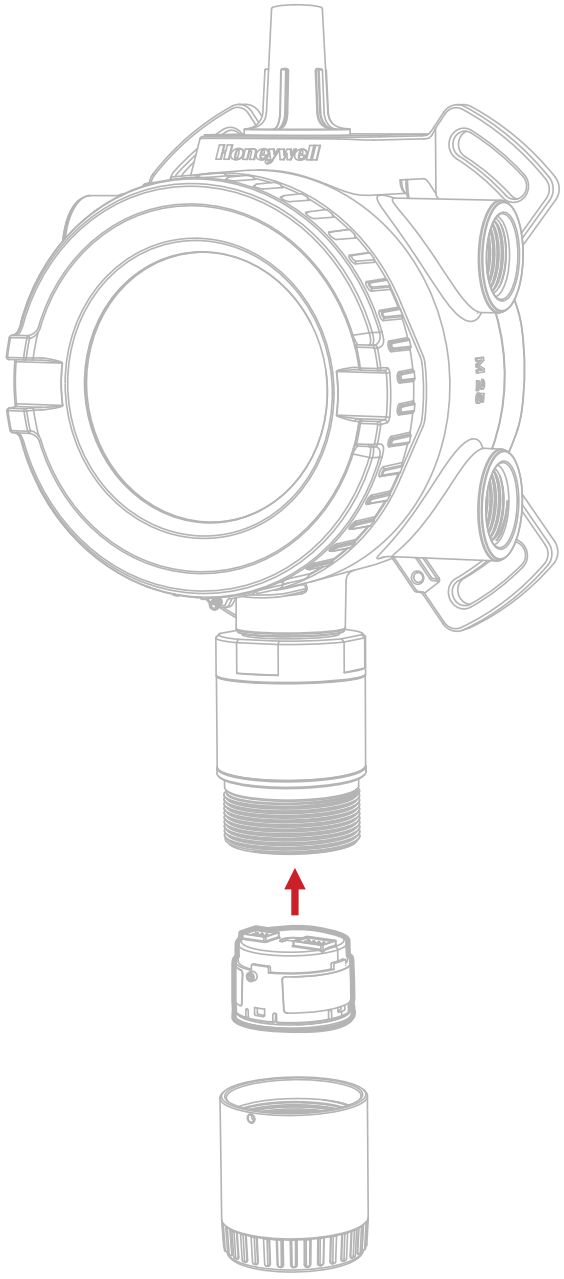
1. Select the **Maintenance** menu
2. Select **Replace Sensor**.
3. Select the sensor to be replaced from the screen and tap ▼
4. Remove the current sensor and install a new sensor.



5. Follow onscreen instructions.

5.3 Replace an XP sensor

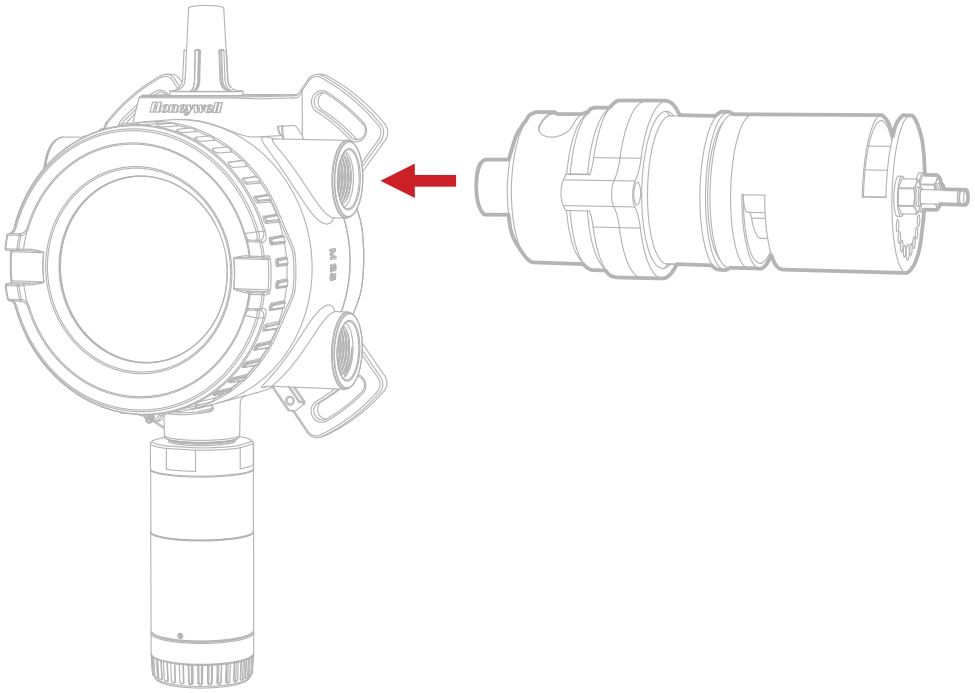
1. Power off the OmniPoint transmitter.
2. Remove the current sensor and install a new sensor.



3. Power on the OmniPoint transmitter.
4. The maintenance icon is shown on the display and a sensor mismatch fault is generated.
5. Select **Accept Sensor** in the Maintenance menu.
6. Follow the onscreen instructions.

5.4 Replace an Optima sensor

1. Power off the OmniPoint transmitter.
2. Remove the top cover.
3. Unwire the current Optima from the terminal block.
4. Wire the new Optima to the terminal block.



5. Fit the top cover.
6. Power on the OmniPoint transmitter.
7. The change icon on the transmitter's screen generates a sensor mismatch fault.
8. Select **Maintenance**.
9. Select **Accept Sensor**.
10. Follow onscreen instructions.

CHAPTER

6 ADDITIONAL INFO

6.1 Modbus Register Map

Holding Register Address	Parameter		Data Type	Description
	High byte	Low Byte		
40001	OmniPoint transmitter type	Modbus address	unit16	Transmitter type to facilitate automatic identification. Repeated Modbus Address
40002	heart beat		unit16	This Heartbeat is provided to facilitate detection of communications problems in programming
40003	sensor type of channel 1		byte	The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below
				1 mV Bridge / legacy mV sensor
				2 Electrochemical Cell with toxic cartridge (XNX/ XCD, legacy ECC)
				3 Electrochemical Cell with O2 cartridge (XNX/ XCD, legacy ECC)
				4 Searchpoint Optima Plus*
				5 Searchline Excel
				6 generic mA input
				7 FL/IR sensor - OmniPoint Smart Sensor*
				8 ECC toxic/O2 sensor - OmniPoint Smart Sensor*
				9-255 for future expansion
40004	sensor type of channel 2		byte	see above
40005	sensor type of channel 3		byte	see above
40006	gas name of channel 1		string[25]	target gas name of sensor channel 1
40019	gas name of channel 2		string[25]	target gas name of sensor channel 2
40032	gas name of channel 3		string[25]	target gas name of sensor channel 3
40045	alarm 1 level of sensor channel 1		float32	configured alarm 1 level of sensor channel 1
40047	alarm 2 level of sensor channel 1		float32	configured alarm 2 level of sensor channel 1
40049	alarm 1 level of sensor channel 2		float32	configured alarm 1 level of sensor channel 2
40051	alarm 2 level of sensor channel 2		float32	configured alarm 2 level of sensor channel 2
40053	alarm 1 level of sensor channel 3		float32	configured alarm 1 level of sensor channel 3
40055	alarm 2 level of sensor channel 3		float32	configured alarm 2 level of sensor channel 3
40057	sensor channel 1 gas concentration		float32	The reported gas concentration in current measurement units. For example, methane at 50% LEL would be reported as 50.0 here. This concentration is forced to zero during gas calibration.
40059	sensor channel 2 gas concentration		float32	
40061	sensor channel 3 gas concentration		float32	
40063	sensor channel 1 measurement unit		byte	The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below:
				0 default
				1 mg/m3*
				2 g/m3
				3 %vol *
				4 ppm*
				5 %LEL*
				6 UEG
				7 Ratio
				8 %LEL*M
				9 ppm*m
				10 EG*m
				11 %vol * meter
				12 µmole / mole
				13 generic unit (user configured unit)
				14 ppb
				15-255 for future expansion
40064	sensor channel 2 measurement unit		byte	
40065	sensor channel 3 measurement unit		byte	

*Available at initial launch

Holding Register Address	Parameter		Data Type	Description
	High byte	Low Byte		
40075	transmitter status		unit32	Transmitter status
				bit: description
				bit 0: boot up (0: booting up, 1: normal)
				bit 1: inhibited (0: normal, 1: inhibited)
				bit 2: alarm 1
				bit 3: alarm 2
				bit 4: latched alarm 1
				bit 5: latched alarm 2
				bit 6: over-range
				bit 7: warning
				bit 8: fault
				bit 9: latched warning
				bit 10: latched fault
				bit 11: bump test
				bit 12: (gas) calibration
				bit 13: Reserved for internal use
				bit 14: Reserved for internal use
				bit 15: Reserved for internal use
				bit 16: alarm 1 simulation
				bit 17: alarm 2 simulation
				bit 18: fault simulation
				bit 19: warning simulation
				bit 20: force loop current
				bit 21: force relay
				bit 22: Reserved
				bit 23: BLE connected
				bit 24: Reserved for internal use
				bit 25: Reserved for internal use
				bit 26: Reserved for internal use
				bit 27: updating FW - interface or main
				bit 28: for future expansion
				bit 29: updating UI (screens)
				bit 30: updating FW - touch
				bit 31: for future expansion
40077	sensor channel 1 status		unit32	sensor status
				bit: description
				bit 0: enabled (0: disabled, 1: enabled)
				bit 1: warm-up(0 : normal, 1 : warm-up)
				bit 2: inhibited (0: normal, 1: inhibited)
				bit 3: alarm 1
				bit 4: alarm 2
				bit 5: latched alarm 1
				bit 6: latched alarm 2
				bit 7: over-range
				bit 8: warning
				bit 9: fault
				bit 10: latched warning
				bit 11: latched fault
				bit 12: (gas) calibration
				bit 13: alarm 1 simulation
				bit 14: alarm 2 simulation
				bit 15: sensor data updating
				bit 16: sensor changed (mismatch)
				bit 17: FW updating
				bit 18: sensor installed status(0: not installed, 1: installed)
				bit 19 ~: for future expansion
				bit 24: calibration overdue
				bit 25: bump test overdue
				bit 26 ~: for future expansion
40079	sensor channel 2 status		unit32	
40081	sensor channel 3 status		unit32	
40083	active transmitter fault/warning code		unit16	This is the integer representation of the fault/warning status. If the transmitter has no fault and no warning, the value is 0. If any fault exists this will take a value in the range 1001 to 1999. Otherwise, if any warning exists, this will take a value in the range 1 to 999. If there are active multiple faults, the latest fault will be returned. If there are both fault and warning the latest of fault will be returned.
40084	active sensor channel 1 fault/warning code		unit16	This is the integer representation of the fault/warning status. If sensor channel 1 has no fault and no warning, the value is 0. If any fault exists this will take a value in the range 1001 to 1999. Otherwise, if any warning exists, this will take a value in the range 1 to 999. If there are active multiple faults, the latest fault will be returned. If there are both fault and warning the latest of fault will be returned.
40085	active sensor channel 2 fault/warning code		unit16	This is the integer representation of the fault/warning status. If sensor channel 2 has no fault and no warning, the value is 0. If any fault exists this will take a value in the range 1001 to 1999. Otherwise, if any warning exists, this will take a value in the range 1 to 999. If there are active multiple faults, the latest fault will be returned. If there are both fault and warning the latest of fault will be returned.
40086	active sensor channel 3 fault/warning code		unit16	This is the integer representation of the fault/warning status. If sensor channel 3 has no fault and no warning, the value is 0. If any fault exists this will take a value in the range 1001 to 1999. Otherwise, if any warning exists, this will take a value in the range 1 to 999. If there are active multiple faults, the latest fault will be returned. If there are both fault and warning the latest of fault will be returned.
40087	remaining life days of sensor channel 1		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 1 must be replaced. This register value is valid only for OmniPoint smart sensor.
40088	remaining life days of sensor channel 2		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 2 must be replaced. This register value is valid only for OmniPoint smart sensor.
40089	remaining life days of sensor channel 3		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 3 must be replaced. This register value is valid only for OmniPoint smart sensor.

Holding Register Address	Parameter		Data Type	Description
	High byte	Low Byte		
40090	calibration due days of sensor channel 1		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 1 must be calibrated.
40091	calibration due days of sensor channel 2		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 2 must be calibrated.
40092	calibration due days of sensor channel 3		int16	This indicates the time remaining before sensor on channel 3 must be calibrated.
40093	transmitter Temperature		int16	Temperature of the OmniPoint transmitter in Celsius.
40094	sensor 1 Temperature		int16	Temperature of sensor channel 1 in x10 Celsius
40095	sensor 2 Temperature		int16	Temperature of sensor channel 2 in x10 Celsius
40096	sensor 3 Temperature		int16	Temperature of sensor channel 3 in x10 Celsius
40098	date and Time		string[18]	Format is "mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss"
40107	mA channel 1 output		float32	The current produced by the OmniPoint in mA.
40109	mA channel 2 output		float32	The current produced by the OmniPoint in mA.
40111	mA channel 3 output		float32	The current produced by the OmniPoint in mA.
40113	transmitter supplied voltage: 24V		unit16	The voltage supplied to the OmniPoint at the nominal 24.0 volt input, in millivolts.
40114	transmitter operating voltage: 3.3V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 3.3 volt operating in the OmniPoint, in millivolts.
40115	transmitter operating voltage: 5V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 5 volt operating in the OmniPoint, in millivolts.
40116	transmitter safety voltage: 5V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 5 volt safety in the OmniPoint, in millivolts.
40117	sensor channel 1 supplied voltage: 5V - 24V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 5 volt supply in sensor channel 1, in millivolts. If sensor channel 1 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 24V value supplied to them.
40118	sensor channel 1 operating voltage: 3.3V - 5V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 3.3 volt operating in sensor channel 2, in millivolts. If sensor channel 1 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 5V value.
40119	sensor channel 2 supplied voltage: 5V - 24V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 5 volt supply in sensor channel 3, in millivolts. If sensor channel 2 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 24V value supplied to them.
40120	sensor channel 2 operating voltage: 3.3V - 5V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 3.3 volt operating in sensor, in millivolts. If sensor channel 2 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 5V value.
40121	sensor channel 3 supplied voltage: 5V - 24V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 5 volt supply in sensor, in millivolts. If sensor channel 3 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 24V value supplied to them.
40122	sensor channel 3 operating voltage: 3.3V - 5V		unit16	The voltage on a nominal 3.3 volt operating in sensor, in millivolts. If sensor channel 3 is Optima Plus or Excel, nominal 5V value.
40123	alarm 1 direction for sensor channel 1	alarm 2 direction for sensor channel 1	unit16	Configured alarm trigger option(direction) of sensor channel 1 The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below. 0 disabled 1 rising 2 falling
40124	alarm 1 direction for sensor channel 2	alarm 2 direction for sensor channel 2	unit16	see above
40125	alarm 1 direction for sensor channel 3	alarm 2 direction for sensor channel 3	unit16	see above
40126	alarm 1 latching for sensor channel 1	alarm 2 latching for sensor channel 1	unit16	configured alarm latching option(direction) of sensor channel 1 The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below. 0 disabled 1 enabled
40127	alarm 1 latching for sensor channel 2	alarm 2 latching for sensor channel 2	unit16	see above
40128	alarm 1 latching for sensor channel 3	alarm 2 latching for sensor channel 3	unit16	see above
40129	relay 1 link option	relay 2 link option	unit16	Indicate configured relays links to which alarm. The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below 0 disabled 1 alarm 1 for any sensor 2 alarm 2 for any sensor 3 any alarm for sensor channel 1 4 any alarm for sensor channel 2 5 any alarm for sensor channel 3
40130	relay 3 link option		unit16	see above
40131	relay 1 operation at normal	relay 2 operation option at normal	unit16	Indicates configured relay operation in normal state. The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below 0 de-energized 1 energized
40132	relay 3 operation at normal		unit16	see above
40133	relay 1 acknowledge enable	relay 2 acknowledge enable	unit16	Indicates configured relay acknowledge enable option. The meaning of this datum is as enumerated below. 0 disabled 1 enabled
40134	relay 3 acknowledge enable		unit16	see above
40135	inhibit current of mA out 1		float32	Indicates configured inhibit current value on channel 1, in mA
40137	warning current of mA out 1		float32	Indicates configured warning current value on channel 1, in mA
40139	fault current of mA out 1		float32	Indicates configured fault current value on channel 1, in mA
40141	over-range current of mA out 1		float32	Indicates configured over-range current value on channel 1, in mA
40147	inhibit current of mA out 2		float32	Indicates configured inhibit current value on channel 2, in mA
40149	warning current of mA out 2		float32	Indicates configured warning current value on channel 2, in mA
40151	fault current of mA out 2		float32	Indicates configured fault current value on channel 2, in mA
40153	over-range current of mA 2		float32	Indicates configured over-range current value on channel 2, in mA
40159	inhibit current of mA out 3		float32	Indicates configured inhibit current value on channel 3, in mA
40161	warning current of mA out 3		float32	Indicates configured warning current value on channel 3, in mA
40163	fault current of mA out 3		float32	Indicates configured fault current value on channel 3, in mA
40165	over-range current of mA 3		float32	Indicates configured over-range current value on channel 3, in mA
40171	calibration due enable of sensor channel 1		unit16	Indicates configured calibration due enable option of sensor channel 1 0: disable, 1: enable
40172	calibration Interval of sensor channel 1		unit16	Indicates configured calibration interval of sensor channel 1, days
40173	calibration due enable of sensor channel 2		unit16	Indicates calibration due enable option of sensor channel 2 0: disable, 1: enable
40174	calibration Interval of sensor channel 2		unit16	Indicates configured calibration interval of sensor channel 2, days
40175	calibration due enable of sensor channel 3		unit16	Indicates calibration due enable option of sensor channel 3 0: disable, 1: enable
40176	calibration Interval of sensor channel 3		unit16	Indicates configured calibration interval of sensor channel 3, days
40177	bump test due enable of sensor channel 1		unit16	Indicates configured bump test due enable option of sensor channel 1 0: disable, 1: enable

Holding Register Address	Parameter		Data Type	Description
	High byte	Low Byte		
40178	bump test interval of sensor channel 1		unit16	Indicates configured bump test interval of sensor channel 1, days
40179	bump test due enable of sensor channel 2		unit16	Indicates configured bump test due enable option of sensor channel 2 0: disable, 1: enable
40180	bump test interval of sensor channel 2		unit16	Indicates configured bump test interval of sensor channel 2, days
40181	bump test due enable of sensor channel 3		unit16	Indicates configured bump test due enable option of sensor channel 3 0: disable, 1: enable
40182	bump test interval of sensor channel 3		unit16	Indicates configured bump test interval of sensor channel 3, days
40213	location ID		string[20]	Configured location ID of the OmniPoint transmitter
40223	transmitter serial number		string[20]	OmniPoint transmitter serial number
40233	sensor channel 1 serial number		string[14]	Serial number of sensor channel 1 if OmniPoint Smart Sensor is installed.
40240	sensor channel 2 serial number		string[14]	Serial number of sensor channel 2 if OmniPoint Smart Sensor is installed.
40247	sensor channel 3 serial number		string[14]	Serial number of sensor channel 3 if OmniPoint Smart Sensor is installed.
40254	transmitter FW version		byte[3]	Firmware version of OmniPoint Transmitter. 1st byte: major, 2nd byte: minor, 3rd byte: build number
40256	sensor channel 1 FW version		byte[3]	Firmware version of sensor channel 1
40258	sensor channel 2 FW version		byte[3]	Firmware version of sensor channel 2
40260	sensor channel 3 FW version		byte[3]	Firmware version of sensor channel 3
40262	sensor channel 1 name		string[20]	Sensor name of channel 1
40272	sensor channel 2 name		string[20]	Sensor name of channel 2
40282	sensor channel 3 name		string[20]	Sensor name of channel 3
40292	sensor channel 1 user full-scale		float	Indicates configured full-scale of sensor channel 1
40294	sensor channel 2 user full-scale		float	Indicates configured full-scale of sensor channel 2
40296	sensor channel 3 user full-scale		float	Indicates configured full-scale of sensor channel 3
Writing Registers				
41001	reset all alarms & faults		unit16	Reset all alarm & faults Write (send) non zero value to reset all alarms & faults
41002	start inhibit		unit16	Start transmitter inhibit Write (send) non zero value to execute command: start inhibit
41003	end inhibit		unit16	End transmitter inhibit Write (send) non zero value to execute command: stop inhibit

6.2 Warning Information

Index	Warning	Applicable Sensors	Required Manual Reset Note. 1	Event History Data	Action for Resolution
[1]	24VDC Supply Bad	All		OmniPoint supply voltage (mV)	Check wire of 24V power supply to OmniPoint as well as power supply operation
[2]	Exceed transmitter operating temperatur	All		OmniPoint temperature(Celsius)	Check location for heat source. Fit with sunshade or other protection. Change location of OmniPoint. Check "Information > Transmitter Data" to ensure temperature is being measured properly.
[3]	Exceed sensor operating temperature	All		Sensor temperature(Celsius)	Check location for heat source. Fit with sunshade or other protection. Change location of OmniPoint. Check "Information > Channel x" to ensure temperature is being measured properly.
[4]	Negative drift	All		Gas concentration	Check sensor location for external interference. Perforem zero calibration. If problem persists after zero calibration and no interference exists, replace sensor.
[5]	Calibration overdue	All		Overdue days	Time since the last calibration has exceeed a user configured calibration interval . Performing a successual gas calbiration will clear the condition. This warning is disabled by setting the "Calibration Notification" to disable. Since setting can be made for each sensor, just disable "Calibration Notification" in desired sensor menu.
[6]	[Optima] Sensor 24VDC supply bad	Optima Plus		Optima Plus supply voltage(mV)	Check the wire of the 24V power supply to OmniPoint as well as the power supply operation. Also, check the wiring between OmniPoint and Optima
[7]	[Optima]Sensor path obscured	Optima Plus			Check location for external interference. Check sesnor for dirty window.
[9]	[Optima]Sensor internal lamp issue	Optima Plus	O	Optima Plus Error code	Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[12]	Optima sensor (current) loop failure	Optima Plus	O	sensor channel, mA input (mA)	Check that the supply voltage is stable. Check wiring between Optima and OmniPoint. Check the loop impedance of the wiring. Check that SW4(mA input mode, Source/sink) is set correctly. If the switch setting needs to be changed, power down the transmitter before changing it. Once the problem has been solved, a Soft Reset must be performed.
[13]	[Optima]Excessive float	Optima Plus			Check sensor location for external interference, check sensor for operation and re-zero where appropriate.
[14]	Bump test overdue	All		Overdue days	Time since the last bump test has exceeed a user configured bump test interval . Performing a successual bump test will clear the condition. This warning is disabled by setting the "Bump Test Notification" to disable. Since setting can be made for each sensor, just disable "Bump Test Notification" in desired sensor menu.
[15]	Force mA timeout	All	O	mA output channel, timeout(minutes)	Indicates that a forced mA condition was left on for more than 15 minutes. No action required as mA operation will be returned to normal automatically.
[16]	Force relay timeout	All	O	Relay number, timeout (minutes)	Indicates that a forced the relay condition was left on for more than 15 minutes. No action required as relay operation will be returned to normal automatically.

6.3 Fault Information

Index	Faults	Applicable Sensors	Required Manual Reset	Event History Data	Action for Resolution
[1]	Unexpected sensor reset	All		Sensor channel	If repeated, check supply voltage, cable loop impedence and teminal connection.
[2]	Exceed transmitter operating temperature	All		OmniPoint temperature(Celsius)	Check location for heat source. Fit with sunshade or other protection. Change location of OmniPoint. Check "Information > Transmitter Data" to ensure temperature is being measured properly.
[3]	24DC supply bad	All		OmniPoint supply voltage(mV),	Check wire of 24V power supply to OmniPoint as well as power supply operation
[4]	Real time clock failure	All		Total seconds since Dec. 31, 2020	Either clock was incorrectly set or the battery for the clock has failed.
[5]	Internal SW failure	All	O		Contact Honeywell 's Service Departmenet.
[6]	mA output loop failure	All	O	Channel, Measured current (mA)	Check wiring mA output from OmniPoint. Check isolation mode switch of failed output channel.
[7]	Sensor FW version mismatch	All	O	FW Version: Major, Minor, Build	Please update sensor FW for XP or XPIS sensor if BLE option is available. If it occurs on Optima Plus or BLE option is not available, contact Honeyell's Sercive Departement.
[8]	Negative drift	All		Gas concentration	Check sensor location for external interference. Perforem zero calibration. If problem persists after zero calibration and no interference exists, replace sensor.
[9]	[Optima/ Excel]sensor 24VDC supply bad	Optima Plus		Optima Plus supply voltage(mV)	Check the wire of the 24V power supply to OmniPoint as well as the power supply operation. Also, check wiring between OmniPoint and Optima
[11]	[Optima] sensor internal lamp issue	Optima Plus	O	Optima Plus Error code	Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[12]	Sensor internal failure			Optima Plus: Error code from Optima Plus OmniPoint sensor: Sensor SW Error Code *Note 2	Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[13]	[optima] sensor (current) loop failure	Optima Plus	O	Measured input current (mA)	Check that the supply voltage is stable. Check wiring between Optima and OmniPoint. Check the loop impedance of the wiring. Check that SW4 (mA input mode, Source/sink) is set correctly. If the switch setting needs to be changed, power down the transmitter before changing the switch setting. Once the problem has been resolved, a Soft Reset must be performed.
[14]	Sensor HW failure	OmniPoint Sensors		OmniPoint sensor: Sensor HW Error Code *Note 3	Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[15]	No sensor	All			Check the wiring between OmniPoint and sensor.
[16]	sensor data corruption	OmniPoint Sensors			Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[17]	sensor mismatch	OmniPoint Sensors		Setting sensor type, Installed sensor type *Note4	Mismatch between the setting sensor and installed sensor. Check the sensor installed, and run the sensor replaceement or accpetance in the maintenance menu.
[18]	Exceed sensor operating temperature	All		Sensor temperature(Celsius)	Check location for heat source. Fit with sunshade or other protection. Change location of OmniPoint. Check "Information > Channel x" to ensure temperature is being measured properly.
[19]	[Optima] sensor path obscured	Optima Plus			Check location for external interfernece. Check sensor for dirty windows.
[22]	Sensor cell failure	OmniPoint Sensors			Replace sensor module.
[23]	[Optima] mA input indicates fault	Optima Plus		Measured mA input current (mA)	
[25]	mV current control failure	OmniPoint FL, IR sensors	O	Control votlage(mV, IR sensor) or current (mA, FL sensor)	Please check sensor installation. If repeated, remove and return to Honeywell.
[26]	Sensor drift fault	OmniPoint Sensors		Baseline, Fault Threshold	Perforem zero calibration. If problem persists after zero calibration and no interference exists, replace sensor.
[27]	Supply voltage bad	OmniPoint Sensors		measured voltage(mV), target voltage(mV), internal supply voltage type *Note5	Remove and return to Honeywell for repair.
[28]	[Optima] digital gas reading bad	Optima Plus		Gas concentration transmitted by communication	Check wiring to Optima. In particular, check the white wire between OmniPoint and Optima. Note: power must be cycled to reset this fault after correcting the cause.
[29]	[Optima] mA input diagnostic failure	Optima Plus	O	mA input current (mA)	Contat Honeywell Sevice Department.
[30]	[Optima] General diagnostics failure	Optima Plus		Optima Plus: Error code from Optima Plus	Contat Honeywell Sevice Department.
[32]	Unexpected sensor fault	OmniPoint sensors		OmniPoint sensor error code	If repeated, remove and return to Honeywell.
[33]	Watchdog reset	All	O		If repeated, remove and return to Honeywell.

6.4 Information messages

Index	Information	Event History Data
[1]	Power on	
[2]	Reset alarm & faults	Requester Note 6
[3]	Inhibit timeout	Timeout (minutes)
[4]	Enter inhibit mode	Requester
[5]	Exit inhibit mode	Requester
[6]	Acked relay	Sensor channel, Relay ID, Requester
[7]	bump test	Gas ID, Peak conentration
[8]	zero calibration : success	Sensor channel, Gas ID, Target Gas Conentration
[9]	zero calibration : fail	Sensor channel, Gas ID, Gas Conentration
[10]	span calibration : success	Sensor channel, Gas ID, Target Gas Conentration
[11]	span calibration : fail	Sensor channel, Gas ID, Gas Conentration
[12]	sensor replaced	Old sensor type, New sensor type
[13]	BLE connected	
[14]	BLE disconncected	
[15]	mA calibration: success	mA output channel, Current calibration step Note 7
[16]	mA calibration: failed	mA output channel, Current calibration step
[17]	interface FW updated: success	Version
[18]	interface FW updated: fail	
[19]	main FW updated: success	Version
[20]	main FW updated: fail	
[21]	sensor FW updated: success	Version
[22]	sensor FW updated: fail	
[23]	smart sensor data updated: success	Version
[24]	smart sensor data updated: fail	
[27]	certificate updated: success	
[28]	certificate updated: fail	
[29]	configuration updated : alarm	
[30]	configuration updated : gas	
[31]	configuration updated: relay	
[32]	configuration updated: 4-20mA	
[33]	configutation updated: external comm	
[34]	configuration updated: channel updated	Channel 1 sensor type, Channel 2 sensor type, Channel 3 sensor type
[35]	configuration sync. (recovered)	
[36]	configuration mismatch	
[37]	changed date /time	
[38]	Force 4-20mA : Start	mA output channel, Target current(mA)
[39]	Force 4-20mA : end	mA output channel
[40]	Force relay : start	Relay ID, Relay test type Note 8
[41]	Force relay : end	Relay ID
[42]	UI updated : success	Version
[43]	UI updated: fail	
[44]	System Restart	
[45]	Touch FW updated: success	Version
[46]	Touch FW updated: fail	

***Note 1. Required Manual Reset.**

"Required Manual Reset" means the warning or fault should be cleared/reset by user confirmation(reset) regardless of the fault latching setting.

***Note 2. Sensor Internal Error Code**

1: System initialization fails

2: System Fail

3: Code CRC Fail

4: RAM fail

***Note 3. Sensor HW Error Code**

1 to 4: Not used

5: ADC Fail (internal)

6: ADC Fail (external)

7: Flash memory fail

8: Flash memory fail

9: EEPROM fail

10: Communication module fail

***Note 4. Sensor Type**

0: Unknown, 1: ECC Sensor, 2: FL/IR Sensor, 3: Generic mV, 4: Generic mA, 6: Serchpoint Opima Plus

***Note 5. Internal Supply Voltage Type**

Type is available only for OmniPoint transmitter

0: 5V, 1: Saftey 5V

***Note 6. Requester**

Event requester

0: Local UI, 1: Mobile app, 2: MODBUS RTU, 3: HART, 4: Remote SW

***Note 7. Current Calibration Step**

0: 4mA Calibration, 1: 20mA Calibration

***Note 8. Relay Test Type**

0: de-energized, 1: energized

6.5 Technical Specifications

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	
Description	The OmniPoint is a versatile, universal, smart transmitter which provides detection of toxic and combustible hazards in certified area. The OmniPoint is designed for the global market and provides configurable options for creating a gas detection system that integrates into variety of hazardous location including oil and gas refining, chemical and petrochemical plants, and power and energy generation.
Material	Enclosure: Five-coat marine finish painted aluminum alloy or 316 stainless steel
Weight	Transmitter (enclosure only): Aluminum alloy: 2.48 kg (5.47 lb). 316 stainless steel: 5.37 kg (11.84 lb) Transmitter with display module: Aluminum alloy: 2.78 kg (6.12 lb). 316 stainless steel: 5.70 kg (12.50 lb) XPIS sensor module with cartridge: 0.80 kg (1.76 lb) XP sensor module with cartridge: 0.69 kg (1.52 lb)
Mounting	Can be mounted to flat wall surfaces of various types or to pipes using the optional pipe mount kit. The pipe mount kit allows the transmitter to be mounted to pipes from 2 in to 6 in (50 mm to 140 mm) in diameter and includes the pipe mount bracket, four carriage bolts, nuts, and lock washers. The transmitter is configured with five cable/conduit ports built into the housing for wiring and mounting sensors.
Cable Entries	Four conduit/cable entries (two right, two left, one bottom). Entry size M25 or 0.75 inch NPT One external antenna entry (top). Entry size M22
ENVIRONMENTAL	
IP Rating	IP66/IP67 in accordance with EN60529. NEMA 4X
Operating Temperature	-55°C to 75°C (-67°F to 167°F)
Operating Humidity	0 % to 99 %RH (non condensing)
Operating Pressure	90 kPA to 110 kPa
Storage Conditions	-55°C to 75°C (-67°F to 167°F), 0 % to 99 %RH (non-condensing)
ELECTRICAL	
Input Voltage Range	12 Vdc to 32 Vdc (24 Vdc Nominal) XP (mV, mA) and XPIS sensors 18 Vdc to 32 Vdc (24 Vdc Nominal) Optima/Excel 1.0
Power Consumption	Transmitter : Normal 4.5 watts, Max 8.5 watts XPIS sensor (EC cell) : Max 0.3 watts XP sensor (Catalytic or IR cell) : Max 1.7 watts
Visual	3 inch (76 mm) circular high resolution, full color, TFT display Four capacitive touch keys that provide navigation and other functions. LED ring indicator surrounding the 3 in (76 mm) circular display indicates the device status. (Normal operation: Green, Alarm: Red, Fault/Warning: Yellow, Wireless communication: (Blue)
Current Output	3 channels of fully configurable 4 mA to 20 mA providing current sink, current source and isolated modes of operation to support up to 3 sensors simultaneously. Note : OmniPoint will automatically detect whether it should operate in current sink or current source mode **Default current output settings:** 1.0 mA for fault 2.0 mA for warm-up and inhibit 3.0 mA for warning 4.0 to 20.0 mA for normal gas measurement 21.0 mA for maximum over range 4 mA to 20 mA signal accuracy : ±1 % full scale
HART® Communication	Provides HART® communication over 1st channel of 4 mA to 20 mA output compliant with HART® 7.0 Configurable HART® communication mode: P to P mode or Multi-drop mode (up to 8 multi-drops) **Functions Supported by HART®** Gas reading with gas name and units of measurement 4 mA to 20 mA signal level General/device information Configuration Forcing of 4 mA to 20 mA output Detailed transmitter information (calibration and configuration status, detailed fault and warning information, fault and alarm history and etc) Detailed sensor information (supply voltage, temperature and etc)
Relays	Provides three fully user configurable relay outputs that are activated based on current alarm state and one fault relay that is normally energized. Provides 3 x SPDT alarm and 1 x SPDT fault relay Maximum : 240 Vac, 5A (non inductive load) Minimum 5V, 10 mA (non inductive load)
CERTIFICATION	
Hazardous Area Approvals (Transmitter/Sensor Dependent)	UL, cUL classified: UL 1203, UL 913; CSA 22.2 No. 30, CSA 22.2 No. 25, CSA 22.2 No. 60079-0, CSA 22.2 No. 60097-11 (CSA 22.2 No. 157); CSA 22.2 No. 152; Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, and D; Class II, Division 1, Groups F & G IEC 60079-0, 7th Ed; IEC 60079-1, 7th Ed; IEC 60079-11 6th Ed.; IEC 60079-31, 3rd Ed.;
Performance Approvals (Sensor Dependent) Flammable Gas	CSA 22.2 No. 60079-29-1 (Pending) ATEX UL 23 ATEX 2903 Rev. 0 (Pending) IECEx UL 23.0011 Issue 0 (Pending)

WIRELESS COMMUNICATION - BLE MODULE (OPTIONAL)	
Description	The BLE module provides a wireless communication to enable the connection of OmniPoint transmitter to a smartphone or tablet. *It is easy to make BLE connection and the mobile device act as local interface of OmniPoint using the dedicated app provided by Honeywell Analytics.
Installation	Optional BLE module is independent of the main (display) module. The external antenna must be installed with the BLE module.
Mode and Version	Bluetooth point to point mode BLE 5.0
Distance	Up to 66 ft (20 m) (mobile device dependant)
Approval	Certified and registered Bluetooth SIG. FCC, RED, IC
Function Supported	Gas reading with gas name and units of measurement General/device information Remote zero and span calibration Configuration Forcing of 4 mA to 20 mA output Detailed transmitter information (Instrument status, detailed fault and warning information, fault and alarm history and etc) Detailed sensor information (optical signal level, supply voltage, temperature, calibration & configuration status and etc)
MODBUS RTU MODULE (OPTIONAL)	
Description	The Modbus output module provides an isolated RS485 output to enable the connection of the OmniPoint transmitter to a multi-drop Modbus network.
Installation	As an optional module independent of the main (display) module, it can be additionally installed in the factory or in the field without any changing of the main (display) module.
Connections	RS485+, RS485-, Drain
Physical Layer	Isolated RS485, 2400 to 57,6K baud; 96K default
Address	Address range is 1 to 247; up to 32 RTUs per loop
Maximum # of Nodes	247; Compatible OmniPoint transmitter only
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Function Supported	Gas reading with gas name and units of measurement General/device information Detailed transmitter information (Instrument status, detailed fault and warning information, fault and alarm history and etc) Detailed sensor information (supply voltage, temperature, calibration & configuration status and etc)
WIRING REQUIREMENTS	
Sensor	Two-wire, for XPIS Sensor module up to (984 ft) 300 m Two-wire, for XP Sensor module up to (984 ft) 300 m Refer to manual for mounting distances and wire gauge
GAS CONCENTRATION DISPLAY & INTERFACE	
Instrument	3 inch TFT display with ring indicator, four-digit alphanumeric characters with separate units, four touch key interface
Remote	Local UI or BLE 5.0 enabled device via OmniPoint app
WARRANTY	
Transmitter Unit	5 years
Sensor Cartridge	Sensor dependent, 1 year minimum

6.6 HART

HART communication is provided only over 1st channel of mA output of Omnipoint.

It is possible to monitor gas reading and status and change the configuration of all three channels of OmniPoint by using one communication line because HART is a digital communication like the MODBUS RTU.

Dynamic Variables
Primary Variable Sensor (ch.) 1 Gas reading
Secondary Variables Sensor (ch.) 2 Gas reading
Tertiary Variable Sensor (ch.) 3 Gas reading

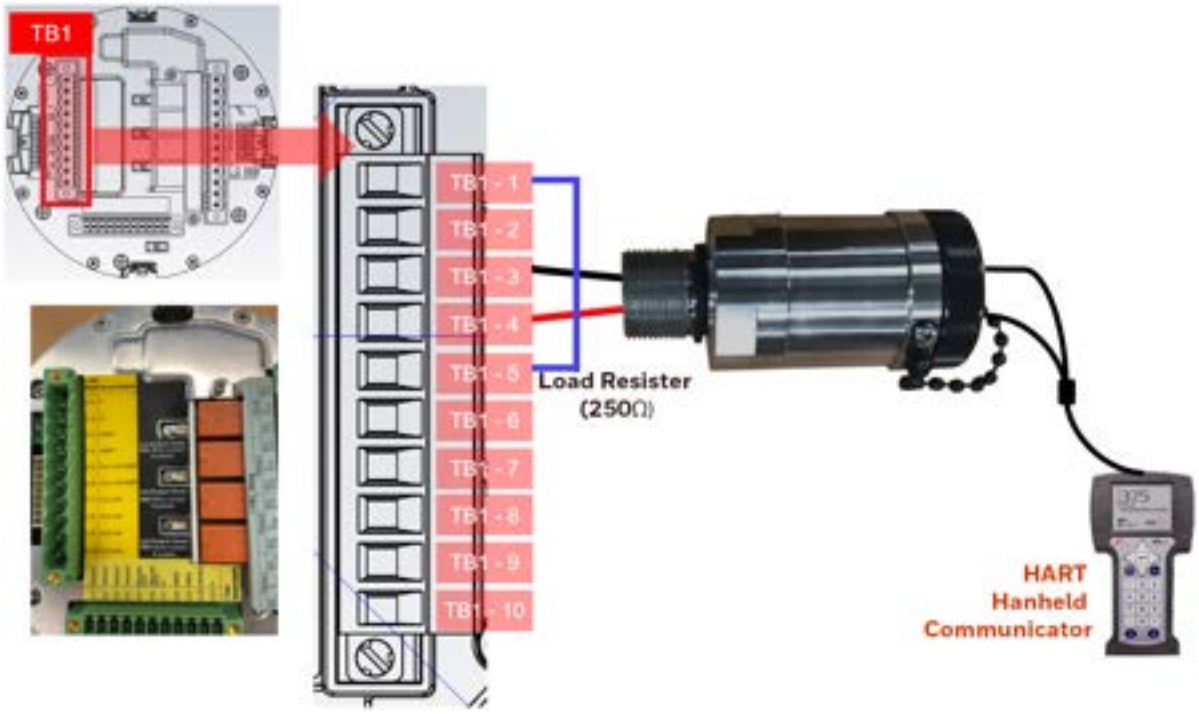
6.6.1 Local HART Module

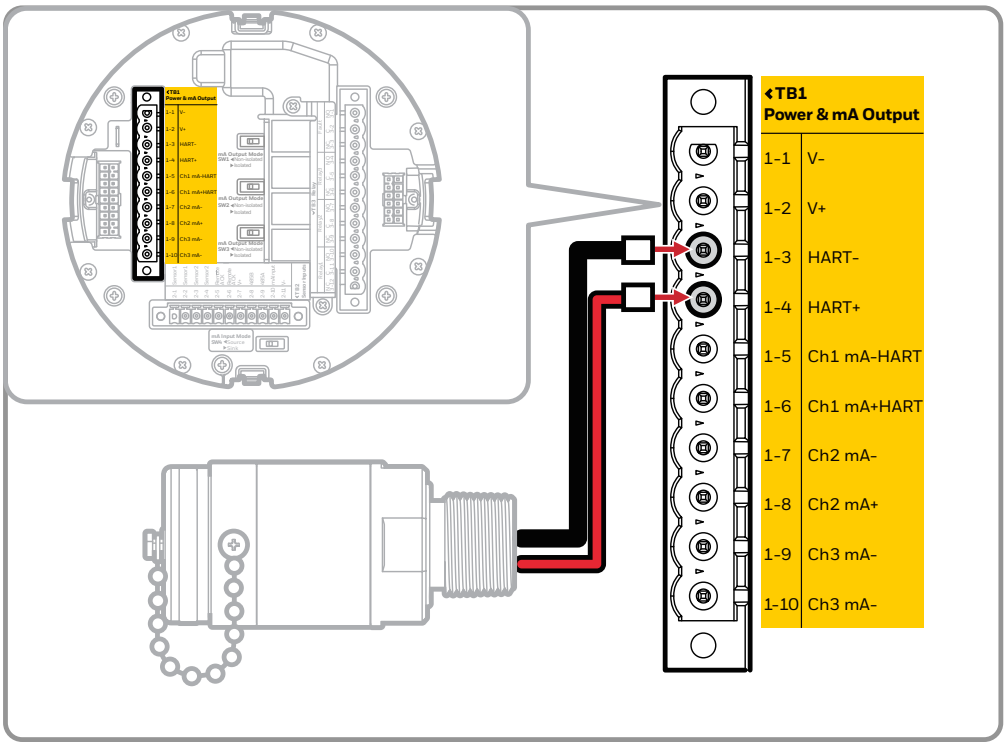
TB1 is for power, mA outputs and HART

A load resistor is required (to create current loop)

Resister value: 250Ω

Please see the following wiring: Connect load resister between 1-5 (mA- HART) and 1-1(V-

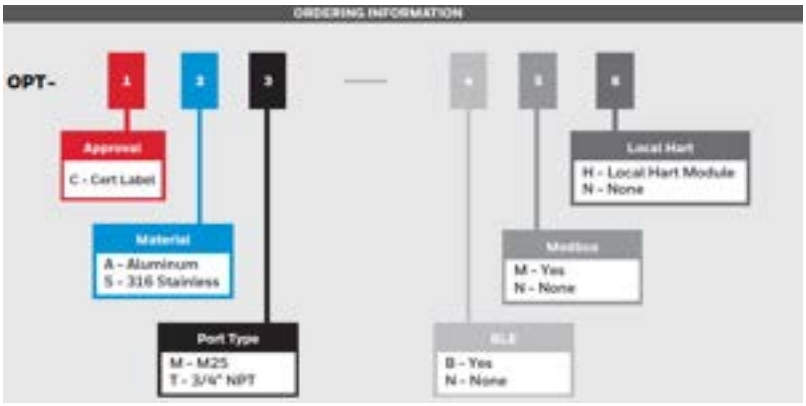



TB1
Power & mA Output
1-1 V-
1-2 V+
1-3 HART-
1-4 HART+
1-5 Ch1 mA-HART
1-6 Ch1 mA+HART
1-7 Ch2 mA-
1-8 Ch2 mA+
1-9 Ch3 mA-
1-10 Ch3 mA-

6.6.2 Device Specific Command-List

Command	Description
128	Read the latest active fault or warning string.
129	Read current transmitter state and configuration change counter
130	Read time (seconds). Seconds since December 31, 2020
131	Set time(seconds) and date/time format.
132	Get current date/time format
	Get lifetime of sensors.
133	Note> It is not availble for Searchpoint Optima or Searchline Excel.
134	Reset all alarms and faults.
135	Read event history (record)
136	Focrce / release mA loop out.
137	Read supply voltages and temperature
139	[OmniPoint Toxic Sensor Only] Set unit (ppm or mg/m3)
146	Turn on/off transmitter inhibit
148	Read 4-20mA loop current (outputs)
149	[Searchpoint Optima/Searchline Excel Only] Read beam block time and log signal level
150	[Searchpoint Optima/Searchline Excel Only] Set beam block time and log signal level
151	Send gas calibration command
153	Get alarm configration : alarm setpoins, direction and delay time
154	Set alarm configration: alarm setpoints, direction and delay time
	Read sensro types and serial number.
155	Note> S/N is not availble for Searchpoint Optima.
157	Log in (change access level)
158	Read current access level (login level)
159	[Searchpoint Optima/Searchline Excel Only] Read mA loop output current settings for beam block and low signal
160	[Searchpoint Optima/Searchline Excel Only] Set mA loop output current settings for beam block and low signal
161	Read mA loop output current settings
162	Set mA loop output current settings
163	Send bump test command
164	Get relay settings
165	Set relay settings
166	Read current state of relays
167	Force / release relays
168	Get alarm, warnaing and fault simulation state
169	Simulate alarm, warning and fault
170	Accept new sensor
171	Get location ID
172	Set location ID
173	Get gas list(names) of a sensor channel.
181	Get MODBUS RTU configuration
182	Set MODBUS RTU configuration
183	Get allowable alarm ranges
184	Get calibration and bump test intervals and overdue warning/fault options
185	Set calibration interval and overdue warning/fault enable option
	Get sensor FW and data versions.
188	Note> Sensor data version is not available for Optima Plus and Excel.
190	Get option board installation status
191	Get span gas concentration of speicified sensor channel.
192	Set span gas concentration of speicified sensor channel.
194	Get current (target) gas names
197	Get transmitter inhibit state
198	Get RTC value as ASCII string
199	Send 4-20mA loop out calibration command
	Get sensor 2 & 3 additional infomration: unit, sensor low /upper limit, user full scale, gas reading (% of full scale)
207	Note> Sensor 1(primary) information can be read via universal command #14
208	Get latch options of alarms and fault
209	Set latch options of alarm and fault
211	Set user full scales of speicifed sensor channel
213	Set bump test interval and overdue warning/fault enable option
214	Get allowable full scale range
215	Get sensor (channel) enable / disable state
217	Get transmitter serial number

6.7 Ordering



OmniPoint may be fitted with the following:

- XP (Cat bead and IR)
- XPIS (Electrochemical)
- Optima (Hydrocarbon Point IR)
- Local Hart Port

Any cable entry other than the top can be used for power or sensor connections.

OmniPoint is a gas detection system. When assessing the overall system rating, please consult the rating of each component.

- Please ensure the suitability of all components for the application.
- Please consult the rating of each component in the system and the overall suitability for the application.

Accesories

OPT-FLOW
OmniPoint Flow Housing

OPT-CAL
OmniPoint Calibration Adapter

OPT-SUN
OmniPoint Sunshield

OPT-WEATHER
OmniPoint Weatherproof Housing

OPT-PIPE — OmniPoint Pipe Mount Kit. See "Mounting the Transmitter" on page 18 for more information.

XX.1 OmniPoint - Next Generation Gas Detector

Instrument	
Part Number	**Description**
OPT-CAT-NNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4"
OPT-CAM-NNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25
OPT-CST-NNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4"
OPT-CSM-NNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25
OPT-CAT-BNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Bluetooth
OPT-CAM-BNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Bluetooth
OPT-CST-BNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Bluetooth
OPT-CSM-BNN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Bluetooth
OPT-CAT-NNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Local HART Port
OPT-CAM-NNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Local HART Port
OPT-CST-NNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Local HART Port
OPT-CSM-NNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Local HART Port
OPT-CAT-BNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Bluetooth, Local HART Port
OPT-CAM-BNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Bluetooth, Local HART Port
OPT-CST-BNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Bluetooth, Local HART Port
OPT-CSM-BNH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Bluetooth, Local HART Port
OPT-CAT-BMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Bluetooth, Modbus
OPT-CAM-BMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Bluetooth, Modbus
OPT-CST-BMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Bluetooth, Modbus
OPT-CSM-BMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Bluetooth, Modbus
OPT-CAT-BMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Bluetooth, Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CAM-BMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Bluetooth, Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CST-BMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Bluetooth, Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CSM-BMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Bluetooth, Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CAT-NMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Modbus
OPT-CAM-NMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Modbus
OPT-CST-NMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Modbus
OPT-CSM-NMN	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Modbus
OPT-CAT-NMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, 3/4", Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CAM-NMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Aluminum, M25, Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CST-NMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, 3/4", Modbus, Local HART Port
OPT-CSM-NMH	OmniPoint Transmitter, Stainless Steel, M25, Modbus, Local HART Port

XX.2 OmniPoint Sensor Modules

Sensor Modules	
Part Number	**Description**
OPT-S1S-T	OmniPoint Sensor Module for Toxic and Oxygen Sensor Cartridges, 3/4" NPT
OPT-S1S-M	OmniPoint Sensor Module for Toxic and Oxygen Sensor Cartridges, M25
OPT-S1X-T	OmniPoint Sensor Module for Catalytic and IR Sensor Cartridges, 3/4" NPT
OPT-S1X-M	OmniPoint Sensor Module for Catalytic and IR Sensor Cartridges, M25
OPT-HART-M	OmniPoint Local HART Module, 3/4" NPT
OPT-HART-T	OmniPoint Local HART Module, M25

XX.3 OmniPoint Pre-Calibrated Sensor Cartridges

Sensor Cartridges	
Part Number	**Description**
OPT-R1S-AM1	Sensor Cartridge, NH3, 0 to 200 ppm, 50 ppm
OPT-R1S-AM2	Sensor Cartridge, NH3, 0 to 1000 ppm, 200 ppm
OPT-R1S-CO1	Sensor Cartridge, CO, 0 to 300 ppm, 100 ppm
OPT-R1S-CL1	Sensor Cartridge, Cl2, 0 to 5.0 ppm, 1 ppm
OPT-R1S-HS1	Sensor Cartridge, H2S, 0 to 15.0 ppm, 5 ppm
OPT-R1S-HS2	Sensor Cartridge, H2S, 0 to 100 ppm, 20 ppm
OPT-R1S-OX1	Sensor Cartridge, O2, 0 to 25% v/v, 23.5%
OPT-R1S-SO1	Sensor Cartridge, SO2, 0 to 15.0 ppm, 5 ppm
OPT-R1X-FL1	Sensor Cartridge, Catalytic, CH4 0 to 100 %LEL, 5%
OPT-R1X-FL2	Sensor Cartridge, Catalytic, CH4 0 to 100 %LEL, 4.4%
OPT-R1X-ME1	Sensor Cartridge, IR, CH4 0 to 100 %LEL, 5%
OPT-R1X-ME2	Sensor Cartridge, IR, CH4 0 to 100 %LEL, 4.4%
OPT-R1X-PR1	Sensor Cartridge, IR, C3H8 0 to 100 %LEL, 2.1%
OPT-R1X-PR2	Sensor Cartridge, IR, C3H8 0 to 100 %LEL, 1.7%

XX.4 OmniPoint Accessories

Accessories	
Part Number	**Description**
OPT-PIPE	OmniPoint Pipe Mount Kit
OPT-FLOW	OmniPoint Flow Housing
OPT-CAL	OmniPoint Calibration Adapter
OPT-SUN	OmniPoint Sunshield
OPT-WEATHER	OmniPoint Weatherproof Housing
2430-0021	UL/CSA Aluminum 3-Wire Junction Box (for OmniPoint Sensor Modules)
2441-0022	UL/CSA Aluminum 6-Wire Junction Box (for Searchpoint Optima Plus)
00780-A-0100	ATEX/IECEx Ex e Junction Box

CHAPTER

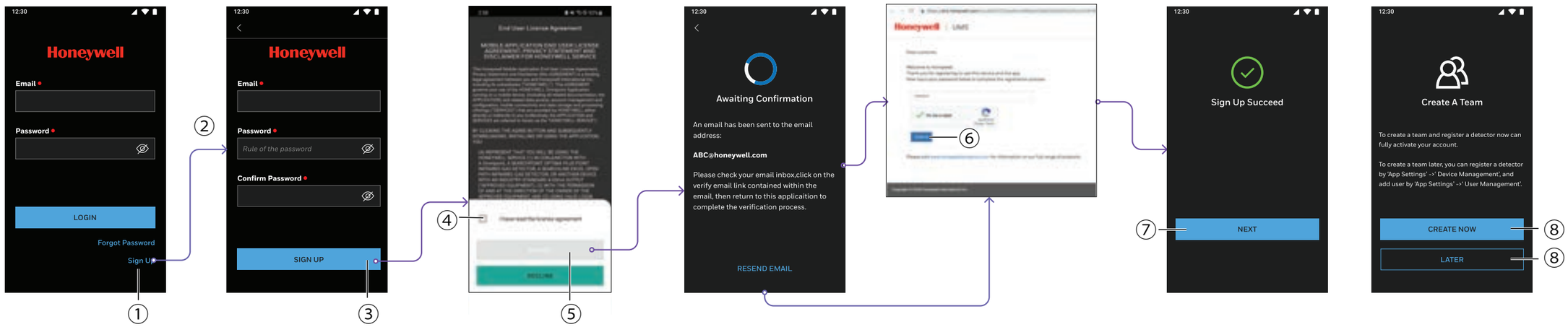
7 MOBILE APP

7.1 Install the OmniPoint App

1. Android only — Go to the *Android Play store* and install the OmniPoint app on your Smartphone.
2. Login or Sign Up with the User/Password provided by the Installation Team.

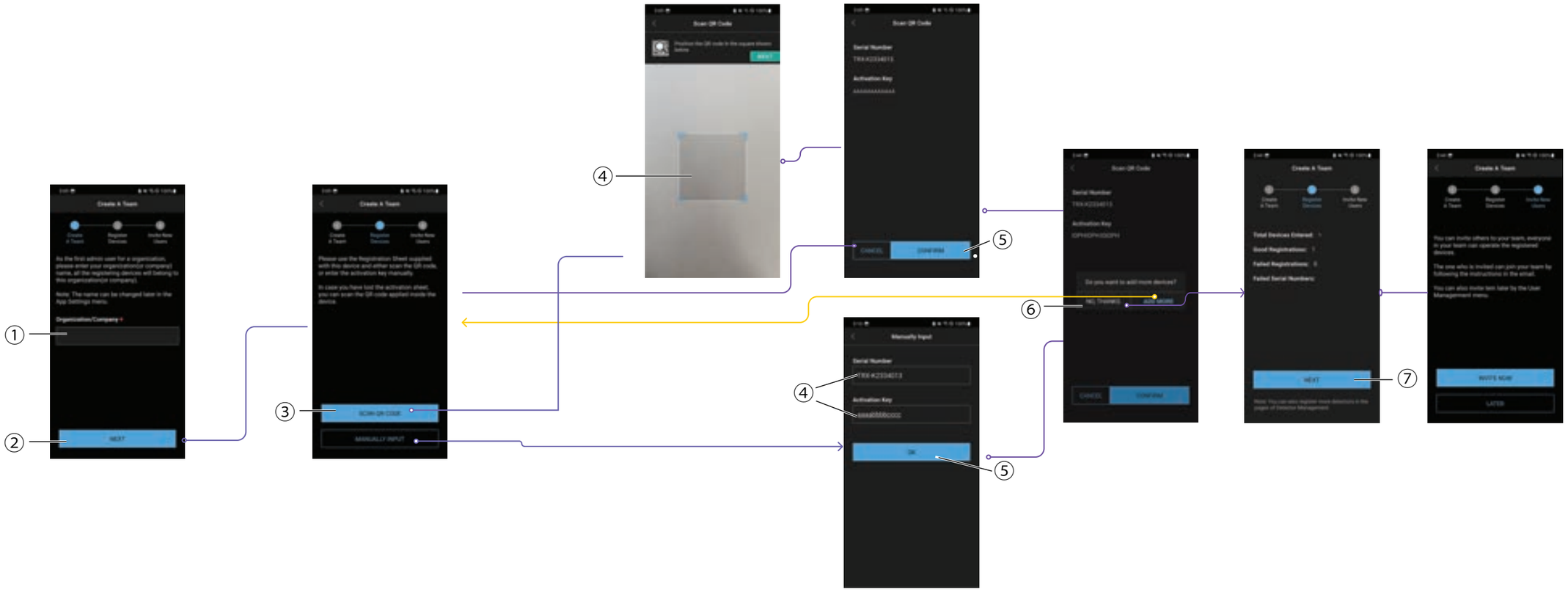
7.2 Sign Up

First-time procedure to create your account.



1. Tap **Sign Up**.
2. Enter an **Email** and new **Password**.
3. Tap **Sign Up**.
4. Check the **End User License Agreement** box.
5. Tap **Accept** and wait for an email with further instructions.
6. Click the verifying email link and go to the mobile app to complete the signup process.
7. Tap See "Register a Device & Company" on the facing page for more information. or **Later** to Connect a device.

7.3 Register a Device & Company



1. Enter your **Organization's name**.
2. Tap **NEXT**.
3. Tap **Scan QR Code**.
4. Scan the QR Code included in the packaging and the Transmitter.
   a. Optional Step: Tap Manually Input if you don't have a QR Code and enter the Serial number and Activation key.
5. Tap **Confirm** / **Ok**.
6. Tap **No, Thanks** to the *Do you want to add more devices*? Question.
7. Tap **Next** to complete the registration process.
   a. Optional Step: Tap **Next** to Invite New Users

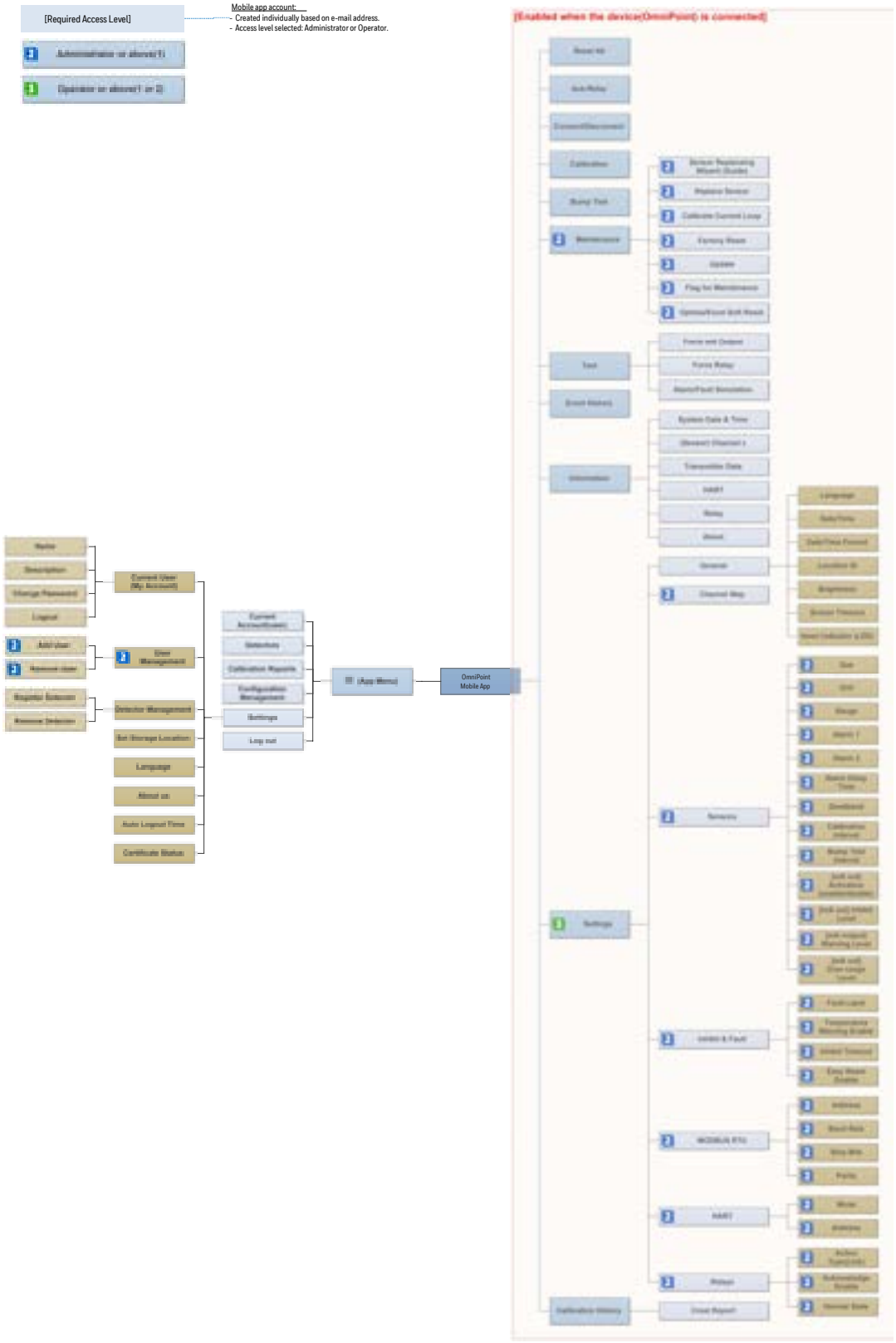
7.4 Bluetooth Pairing

1. Turn on the Bluetooth on your Smartphone, select your detector and tap **Connect**.

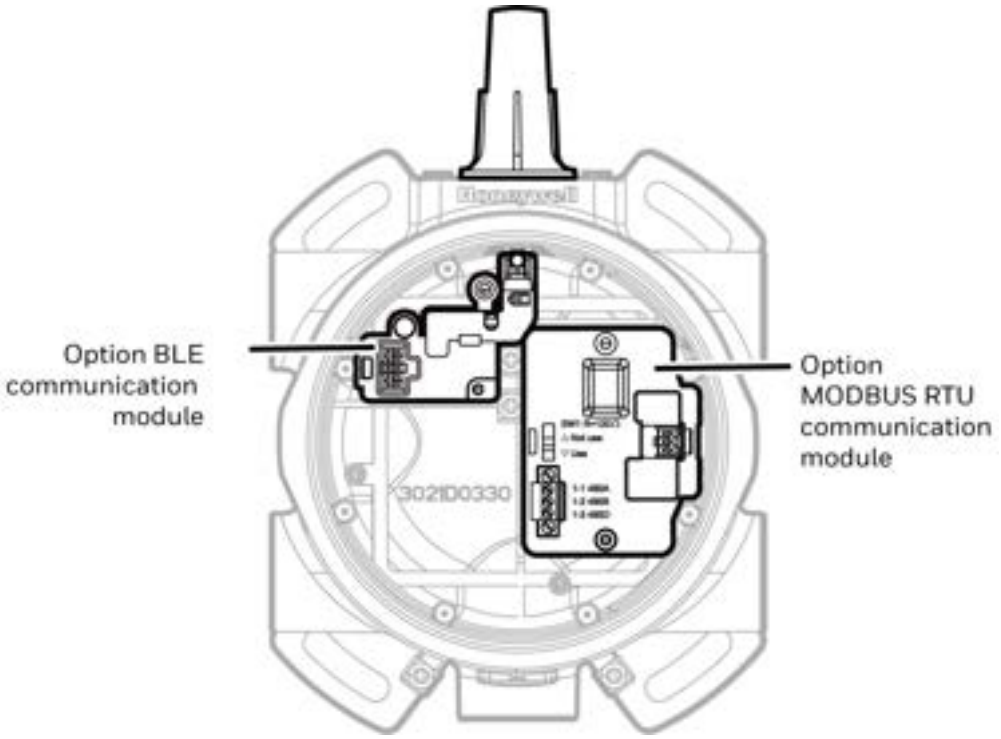
2. Pair your Smartphone with the transmitter via Bluetooth following onscreen instructions.

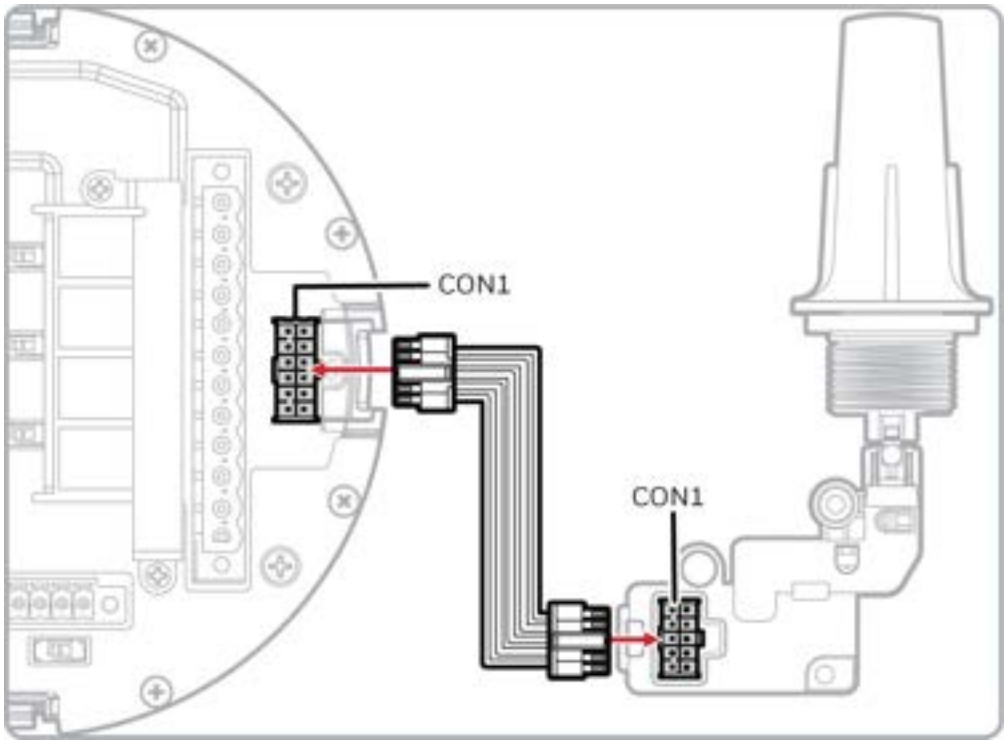
Note: You can only connect your smartphone with one transmitter at a time.

7.5 Mobile App Menu Navigation



7.6 Bluetooth Hardware and Wiring





7.7 Security Guide

Honeywell recommends that customers with affected products should take the following steps to protect themselves:

- Update the firmware of vulnerable instruments as per the security notification.
- Isolate their system from the Internet or create additional layers of defense to their system from the Internet by placing the affected hardware behind a firewall or into a DMZ.
- If remote connections to the network are required, please consider using a VPN or other means to ensure secure remote connections into the network device are on.
- Keep the “Registration sheet”, “QR-Code”, and “Activation-key” of the device safe to prevent unauthorized access.
- Allow only trained and trusted people to connect to your device.
- Not recommend using 3rd party keyboard. Using a Mobile app through a 3rd party keyboard can result in malicious information leakage.
- Recommends setting passwords according to the following guides (rules).
  - Using (setting) a strong password that combines numbers, characters, and special characters.
  - Do not use the same character in succession.
  - Avoid using passwords that were used in the past.
  - The password must be changed within 90 days.
  - Prohibit consecutive numbers, letters, and easy-to-guess passwords such as birthday and phone numbers.
  - Do not use easy words or names in the dictionary as passwords.

7.8 Contact Us

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Scan this code for further reference to the OmniPoint on the Honeywell website

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